HUBBUCK'S
PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT.
HUBBUCK'S PALE BOILED LINSEED OIL.
HUBBUCK'S WHITE LEAD COLOUR and VARNISHES.
HUBBUCK'S PREPARED LIQUID PAINTS.
HUBBUCK'S BRITISH GREEN PAINT.
HUBBUCK'S BINNACLE AND COLZA OILS.
HUBBUCK'S PAINTS, OIL, and VARNISHES properly packed for exportation.
Beware of counterfeits of Name and Trade Mark.
THOMAS HUBBUCK & SON,
24, Lime Street, London.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28,234 New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1890.

McEWAN'S BEER.
As supplied to all Military Stations.
Rs. 57, per Hhd.
The finest Draught Beer shipped to Australia and the East.
CUTLER, PALMER AND Co., AGENTS

BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

NOTICE.

UNTIL further notice the ENGLISH MAIL STEAMER will SAIL at 2 p.m., on SATURDAY, and commencing with the S. S. PEKIN, leaving on 27th September, the launch to convey passengers on board will leave the APOLLO BUNDER AT NOON, on the day of sailing.

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Co.
Bombay, 19th September, 1890.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	Saturday.
B.I. PEKIN	3908	700	P. Harris	27th Sept
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber	4th Oct.
B.I. GANGES	4206	800	T. J. Alderton	11th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	18th "
B.I. PESHAWUR	3927	800	W. A. Whaler	25th "
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber	1st Nov.
B.I. PENINSULAR	5015	1000	H. Wyatt	8th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	15th "
B.I. ARCADIA	6362	1500	W. B. Andrews, 22nd	"
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber, 29th	"
B.I. ORIENTAL	5015	1000	E. Stewart,	8th Dec.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	13th "
B.I. CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt	20th "
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber	27th "

The steamers marked B. I. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued including Railway fare from Brindisi to London by the Mail route, and coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special P. and O. Express.

A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at noon, on the day of sailing, to convey Passengers on board.
Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 10 a.m. on day of sailing.

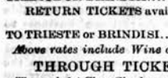
TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	
ROSETTA	3525	800	E. Crewe	25th Sept.
CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt	9th Oct.
MIRZAPORE	3913	500	R. Harvey	23rd "

In addition to the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.
For further particulars, apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 19th September, 1890.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA· SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.



THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA and vice versa at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES.
FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 150 for First, Second, and Third Class respectively, inclusive of Wine.
Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.
Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families
The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE Bombay :—

Steamers.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
PO	...	...	1st Oct.
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	20th Oct.
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO	5,000	800	10th Nov.
DOMENICO BALDUINO	5,000	800	1st Dec.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.
European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs 100, respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG.

Steamer.	To sail.
BORMIDA	On the 8th October, 1890.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

R. PESCIO,
Acting Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Sept. 10, 1890.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,600	750	1st Oct.
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,600	750	1st Nov.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE or BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.
Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd and BRINDISI on the 5th of each month.
Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail.
ELEKTRA	G. Mahorcicle	4,000	600	15th Nov. '90.

Calling at Aden, Massowah, Suakin, Suez, Port Said, and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
ELEKTRA	G. Mahorcicle	4,000	600	21st Sept. '90.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.
For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay,
15th September, 1890.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

Steamer.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail on or about
HISPANIA	3,380 T.R.	R. S. Abrey	20th Sept.
ROUMANIA	3,387 T.R.	C. H. Hillcoat	4th Oct.

THE above steamer has been built specially in view of the East Indian trade. All her cabins being situated on the Upper deck. She carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess, and has every comfort for first class passengers.
For further particulars apply to Graham's Buildings.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 6th September, 1890.

H. H. THE NIZAM'S GUARANTEED STATE RAILWAY Co., Ld.

ADVERTISING AT RAILWAY STATIONS.

THE PROPRIETOR of the *Bombay Gazette* Press, having leased from the NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY COMPANY the exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to the Company, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting notices or advertisements on the lines.

The Cantonment of SECUNDERABAD, as is well known, contains the largest military garrison in India—a garrison comprising over 5,000 British and native troops. Contiguous to it is the Cantonment of BOLARUM, garrisoned by two regiments and one battery of the Hyderabad Contingent, all officered by Europeans. South of Secunderaoad, about 4 miles, are the suburbs of Hyderabad, containing the Nizam's regular troops, about 5,000 in number, officered mostly by Europeans—besides a large civil population. It would manifestly be advantageous to firms to advertise at the stations on the above railway, the most important of which are SECUNDERABAD, HYDRABAD, GANGAWARUM, and TANDUR.

The announcements may be in English or in any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES.

INSURANCE COMPANIES, SHIPPING COMPANIES, HOTEL-KEEPERS, MERCHANTS, TRADERS, and others who wish to force their business on the notice of the public, all alike value the privilege of *Railway Station Advertising*.

There is no reason why the privilege should not be also specially valuable to Advertisers in India looking to the great and increasing number of Native Railway Passengers on the two trunk lines on Western India. Native Merchants, Traders, &c. seeing that they have the privilege of advertising in their own language, would find the publication of their announcements at Railway Stations an infallible means of extending their business.

Advertisers can select the Station at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely *moderate scale* to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcements known to the public.

Placards, according to the taste of Advertisers may be printed at moderate charge in ENGLISH or any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES at the *Bombay Gazette* Press. Estimates on application.

RATES.

Board not exceeding 2 feet long and 2 feet broad Re. 1 per month. For every additional square foot annas 2.

Thus a firm exhibiting a board, say 4 square feet will have the advantage of having their business advertisement read by thousands of Passengers on one station platform for the trifling monthly expenditure of Re. 1. Parties advertising on six Stations or more will be allowed a discount of ten per cent. twelve Stations or more, twenty-five per cent.

The boards to be delivered at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, whence they will be sent by the Lessee to the stations selected by the Advertiser. In the event of the boards not terminating, the boards will be sent back to Bombay at the expense and risk of the Advertiser.

Special arrangements for long periods.

Further particulars apply to the Manager of the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited).

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PURULIA," 1,554 tons, at 11 a.m., on 21st SEPTEMBER, after arrival of in-coming English Mail, calling at Kurrachee, Bunder, Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATHIAWAR COAST AND CUTCH MANDAVIE.

S. S. "KARAGOLA" 1,168 tons, at 11a.m., on WEDNESDAY, 24th September.

S. S. "ARABIA," 1,080 tons, on 20th September.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "SATARA," 1,301 tons, on or about FRIDAY, 26th September, at noon calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR KURRACHEE, PLYMOUTH, ANTWERP, AND LONDON.

S. S. "KERBELA" 1,978 tons, on or about 6th October.

FOR ZANZIBAR, MOMBASSA AND LAMOO.

S. S. ORIENTAL 1,496 tons on or about 7th October.

FOR MORMUGAO DIRECT.

THE S. S. "BUSHEER," 792 tons, on or about 20th September.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 18th September, 1890. Agents.

THOS. COOK AND SON,

TOURIST AND GENERAL PASSENGER AGENTS.

PASSAGES ENGAGED by P. and O. and all Lines of Steamers FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION, and special attention given to the selection of berths.
THROUGH TICKETS issued from any Railway Station in India to all parts of the Globe, allowing breaks of Journey anywhere *en route*.
INTERPRETERS meet Steamers at all Chief Continental Ports to assist holders of Cook's Tickets.
CIRCULAR NOTES issued of the value of £20, £10, £5, which are cashed by any of our Agents and Banking Correspondents in all parts of the World.
Drafts issued at the Exchange of the day on our Branch Offices.
SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and supplied at very favourable rates.
A Copy of "COOK'S ORIENTAL TRAVELLERS' GAZETTE," containing latest information of Steamer Sailings, Quarantine, &c., &c., sent free on application to

THOS. COOK & SON,
Bombay, Rampart Row, Calcutta, 11, Old Court House Street.

FOR SALE.

A STRONG elegant Phaeton in excellent order, and a pair of fast-trotting Cabuli Horses. Believed sound. One carries a lady. Owner comes to England. Lot or separate. Apply to Mr. KIRKHAM Char Bungalows, Poona.

AUSTRALIAN HORSES.

A CHOICE SELECTION of over 300 HIGH CLASS WALERS, purchased in various districts in the Colonies by a gentleman with a special experience of Indian Sporting and Racing requirements will be ON VIEW on Colaba Causeway, early in November. These Horses and Ponies are quite distinct from any shipped by Baldock and are of a quality not hitherto landed on this side of India.

FOR SALE.

THE GADBROOK ESTATE. Nellacottah Wynaad, containing 385 acres of which 117 acres are Planted with Coffee and 50 with Cinchona and 20 are felled cleared and pitted ready for planting with 2 Bungalows and Coffee and Cinchona Bark stores, Pulper &c., thereon.
For further particulars apply to Messrs. BARCLAY and MORGAN, Madras.

VERY RARE OPPORTUNITY TO INVESTORS.

OFFERS WANTED, for a very strong and pucka built property situate, opposite the Bombay Gymkhana, Esplanade, known as Victoria Hotel. The property commands an entirely Westerly view and sea breeze, and is of the best designs Offers open till 30th September, 1890. For conditions of sale and other particulars apply to "F. C. K." care of this paper.

WANTED, a Second-Class Certificated ENGINEER, for erecting one new Nasimth Wilson and Co.'s half press and finisher Engines, Pumps and Boiler, &c., for a Cotton Pressing Factory and work. The same along with the existing Cotton Ginning Factories, near the Ankleser Station. None but a thoroughly experienced Engineer in the erection and working of Nasmith Wilson Cotton presses need apply to the undersigned with copies of testimonials of previous services, stating terms and salary required.

PESTONJI NUSSURWANJI GINWALLA,
Abkari Contractor, Ahmedabad.

WILLIAM WATSON and Co.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS,

28, APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed on any amount.

FIXED DEPOSITS received at rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

PAY, PENSIONS and ANNUITIES Collected Free of Commission without Life Certificate.

DRAFTS, CHEQUES and BANK BILLS issued, cashed or sent for collection.

TELEGRAPHIC and HOME FAMILY Remittances made at the best exchange rate of the day.

STOCK, SHARES, &c., bought and sold, and INVESTMENTS made.

GOVERNMENT PAPER SHARES and other Securities kept for safe custody, and Interest and Dividends collected.

LOANS and ADVANCES made on approved securities.

SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and given at specially favourable rates.

ASSURANCE—LIFE, FIRE, MARINE, effected at reasonable rates.

Agents for the ORIENTAL and STANDARD Life Offices.

HAND BOOKS sent free on application.
LONDON HOUSE.

WILLIAM WATSON and Co.,
27, LEADENHALL STREET.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately-flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article of the *Civil Service Gazette*.

Made simply with boiling water or milk.
Sold in ½lb. and pound tins, labelled thus.

JAMES EPPS & CO.,
HOMŒOPATHIC CHEMISTS,
LONDON.

ALSO MAKER OF EPPS'S CHOCOLATE ESSENCE.

ESTABLISHED 1849.

J. & R. SHORROCK,

BOLTON ROAD & LEE FOUNDRIES,

DARWEN, LANCASHIRE,

Manufacture Specialities in

PAPER-MAKING MACHINERY,

COTTON-WEAVING MACHINERY.

Corliss Engines, Boilers, Mill Gearing.

Estimates and Drawings on Application.

EVERY MAN interested in the subject of nervous and physical debility should write at once for a valuable pamphlet explaining how the most obscure nervous and organic derangements may be successfully treated without stomach medication. The only method which is easy and pleasant, and will effect a perfect and permanent cure. This pamphlet, of great interest to all men, will be sent post free.—Mr. E. NORTON, 249, High Holborn London. Eng.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BASS'S LIGHT BITTER ALE.

(BOTTLED BY FOSTER & SONS.)

THIS Ale has been specially brewed to meet the taste of those who prefer a Light English Beer: whilst retaining the well-known qualities which characterises all Bass's Beers, yet it is considerably lighter than their ordinary Beer, and thus more suited for consumption in this country.

Bottles, Rs. 5-10 per doz. Half Bottles, Rs. 3-12 per doz.

	Bottles. Per doz. Rs. a.	½ Bottles. Per doz. Rs. a.
Bass's Beer, by Foster and Son	5 12	3 14
Do. by Stone L. G. A.	5 10	3 12
Guiness's Dublin Stout, Foster's	5 12	3 14
Do. do. Burk's	5 12	3 14
Canterbury Ale	5 10	3 12
Pilsener Beer	5 8	3 12

TREACHER AND CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

WATSON & CO.'S GENERAL CLEARANCE SALE,

IS NOW ON

1, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

HAND BOOK
OF
GIRAS AND GUARANTEE,

BEING a compilation of decisions &c., on questions regarding giras, wanta and other guaranteed rights with an introductory account of the settlements in Kathiawad, Mahikantha and Rewakantha together with appendixes and a copious index."
To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Press, Bombay. The Gujarat Vernacular Society, Ahmedabad.
PRICE..... Rs. 6.
Packing & Postage Extra.

NOTICE.

GEO. HODSON,

NURSERY GARDEN AND SEED STORE.

17, RESIDENCY ROAD, BANGALORE.

FLOWERS, PLANTS, AND SEEDS

Of all descriptions sent to any part of India.
TRIAL ORDER SOLICITED.
TERMS CASH.

PERSONS who wish to obtain a fine RUBY from 1½ to 3 carats each, either loose or mounted in a Ring at a very reasonable price, may make their selection at Messrs. MARCKS & Co., Ld., 13, Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

INDIAN INDUSTRY.

Being a reprint of two Letters to the *Bombay Gazette* and a Lecture by

F. BEAUCLERK.

Price 8 Annas,

CAN BE HAD AT

THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."
Messrs. THACKER and Co., Bombay and Poona.
" THACKER, SPINK and Co., Calcutta.
" HIGGINBOTHAM and Co., Madras.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY. GRINDLAY & Co.—CALCUTTA.

BANKERS and AGENTS to MEMBERS of H.M. SERVICES, REGIMENTS, CLUBS, SOCIETIES, SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS, and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept.
FIXED DEPOSITS received.
FAMILY and TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made.
BILLS granted on Messrs. GRINDLAY & Co. London.
CHEQUES on London cashed or collected.
INVESTMENTS and SALES made in STOCKS and SHARES.
PAY and PENSIONS realised.
PASSAGES booked and Baggage shipped
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
PACKAGES landed and shipped.
NEWSPAPERS and MAGAZINES ordered.
ASSURANCES effected; Marine, Fire, and Life
SUPPLIES of every description procured.
Terms and particulars upon application.
London Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.

LADIES' SHOP WITH HOME,

By Indian Parcels Post.
Consider the excessive Rate of Exchange, and economise all Intermediate Profits.
High-Class Drapery & Dress Materials
Direct from the Manufacturers,

AT LOOM PRICES!

SAVING 50 PER CENT.

HENRY PEASE AND CO.'S SUCCESSORS,

Spinners and Manufacturers,

THE MILLS, DARLINGTON,
Established 1752,
supply
High-Class Drapery & Dress Materials
DIRECT TO THE CONSUMER,
Without the intervention of Wholesale Merchants, Drapers, Agents or Middlemen.

EXQUISITE DRESS.

Latest Fashion at First Cost,

FRESH FROM THE DARLINGTON LOOMS,

Patterns Free, on approval, to any address in India

THE LOVELY

DARLINGTON ZEPHYRS,

and New Darlington Skirtings, together with the Celebrated Darlington Cross-Warp Sergos, and Gold-Medal Merinos and Cashmeres.
All exquisite Fabrics, renowned for their stylish appearance, thorough Money Value, and Hard Wearing Qualities.

SPECIALITIES FOR INDIA.

High-Class Pure Wool Fabrics for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wear,

For the Climate of the Hills, and in the Plains during the Cold Weather Season.

DARLINGTON PURE WOOL SERGES.

Dyed by Special Process, for the Sea-side, Travelling and Tourist Wear. Guaranteed to withstand Sun, Rain and Salt Water, in Light-weighted Yarns for Ladies' Yachting Costumes, Ladies' Travelling Dresses, Gentlemen's Boating and Tennis Suits. Stouter Yarns for Boys' and Girls' Rough Wear.
ANY LENGTH of MATERIAL CUT on no matter how short. All Goods warranted to be equal to the Samples, and all Parcels carefully Packed for Export.
All Orders are executed the same day as received.
HENRY PEASE & CO.'S SUCCESSORS buy their Wools direct from the English Farmer. After careful sorting and cleansing the wool is spun into yarn, and the yarn woven into the various charming fabrics, for which the firm have been renowned since their establishment in 1752—the entire process of manufacture being carried on in their own Mills at Darlington, employing more than 1,000 hands.

EASTERN MORTGAGE AND AGENCY COMPANY, LIMITED.

Capital £1,000,250.

ADVANCES

Made as a first charge upon Mortgage of Freeholds, Stocks, Shares, and other approved Securities.

LONDON INVESTMENTS.

State, Municipal, and other Public Loans negotiated and issued upon the London market.
For all particulars apply direct to the Agents.

RITCHIE, STEUART & Co.,
11, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published weekly on the departure of English mail. 28 pages of the *Pall Mall Budget* size, containing all the information of the previous week carefully arranged; Army Orders, &c. Indian subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of postage. English subscription Rs. 17 per year including postage.

TEAS FROM THE KOUSANIE TEA COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE "KOUSANIE" TEAS are the choicest of all Indian Teas, they are grown in the District originally selected by the Government of India for inaugurating the growth of Tea in India, and for superiority of quality have gained TWELVE MEDALS and TEN PRIZES at Exhibitions in India, England, and Paris.

These TEAS are now being LARGELY SOLD by the Army and Navy Co-operative Stores, London—a sufficient evidence of the popularity they have attained.

CASH PRICE LIST.

		Rs. a.
KOUSANIE MIXTURE, a well-known specialty from the Kousanie Gardens.	1 lb. packets, per packet	1 6
	2 lb. packets, per packet	2 12
	5 lb. catties, per catty	6 12
SOUCHONG, Finest, in 2 lb. packets	...per packet	2 12
PEKOE, Finest, in 2 lb. packets	...per packet	3 0
HYSON, Young (green)	...1 lb. packet	1 10
ORANGE PEKOE, Finest	...1 lb. packet	1 10
TREACHER'S OWN MIXTURE { in 1 lb. packets	...per packet	1 0
TREACHER'S OWN MIXTURE { in 2 lb. packets	...per packet	2 0
TREACHER'S HOUSEHOLD TEA, a small broken leaf Tea	...per lb.	0 10

SPECIAL WHOLESALE TERMS TO THE TRADE.

SOLE AGENTS
FOR THE
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY,

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.. BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

TENNIS "STRIPES FOR TROUSERS" CRICKET "NEW CHECKS FOR COATS" AS NOW WORN.

LOUNGE COAT AND TROUSERS, a large Range.....Rs. 36
VERY STYLISH CASHMERE SERGES .....Rs. 38 & 40
FINE WHITE SAXONY, MELTON FINISHED, or Twilled Faced Flannels, Coat and Trousers .....Rs. 34 & 38
SHIRTS WITH COLLAR (& POCKET)..... " 8-8

— SUITS
Hat and Tie Ribbons, Waist Squares, Belts, Club Colours.

CASH (or V. P. P.) DISCOUNT—2 Annas in the Rupee = 12½ per cent.

HOAR & CO., { TAILORS, &c., } BOMBAY

PROVISIONS AND STORES.

PHILLIPS & CO., invite attention to the LARGE REDUCTION made in the Price of Stores, &c.

SAUSAGES.	Rs. as.
American, Oxford, large tin ...per tin.	
Irish, Shamrock brand, 1 lb. tins	0 12
Oxford, C. & B.'s, 1 lb. as, 14 : 2 lbs.	1 10
Bologna "	2 2
Pork " 1 lb.	0 14
Ham, Tongue, and Chicken ½ lb.	0 11
Army Ration, Moir's superior to most	
Bologna Sausages 1½ lbs.	1 2
MEATS.	
Beef—Boiled C. & B.'s	0 13
" Corned	0 12
" Roast	0 12
" Corned, American, 2 lbs	1 0
" Seasoned	0 11
" Stewed Rump Steaks	1 0
Mutton—Boiled, C. & B.'s	0 12
" Haricot	0 12
" Roast	0 12
" Chops	0 15
" Irish Stew	0 12
" Scotch Haggis	0 15
Veal—Roast	0 14
"Army Rations" (Moir's) a delicious combination of Beef and Vegetables, 1 lb. As. 14 ; 2 lbs	1 8
Desiccated Beef, with Vegetables, 1 lb.	0 11

VEGETABLES.	Rs. as.
Artichokes (bottoms) ...per tin.	1 3
Asparagus, English, finest	2 2
" German, Charlotte 1-6 &	2 0
" Californian, best	1 3
Brussel Sprouts, English	0 8
Carrots, fine flavoured, English	0 5
Celery in Juice, best French, As. 15 &	0 14
Haricot Verts (French Beans)	0 8
Mecedoines (Mixed Vegetables)	0 9
Mushrooms, 1 pint, As. 6 ; pint	0 11
Black Leicestershire ½ pt.	0 6
Peas, Green	0 8
Petit Pois Fins	0 8
Parsnips, best English	0 6
Potatoes, Edwards' Desiccated, 1 lb. tin equals 6 lbs. of Raw Potatoes, ready for use in 1 lb. tins	0 8
Truffles, in ½ pint bottles ...per bot.	1 7
Turnips, prime English	0 5
PICKLES.	
Cauliflower, Gherkins, Picalilli, Mixed, Red Cabbage, Walnuts, White Onions ...per bot.	0 10
Oriental (Captain White's)	0 14
West India, finest	0 13
Prepared Horse-Raddish	0 10

Wine and General Import Merchants. }PHILLIPS & CO., LD.,{ BOMBAY AND POONA.

FARBENFABRIKEN VORM FR. BAYER & CO., ELBERFELD.

NEW SYNTHETIC REMEDIES.

PHENACETIN-BAYER—New Remedy for FEVER & HEADACHE.
In ½ oz. and 1 oz. Bottles, and Lozenges 8 gr. and 4 gr.

The New Remedy for Sleeplessness—**SULPHONAL-BAYER.**
In ½ oz. and 1 oz. Bottles, and Lozenges 16 gr. and 8 gr.

ARISTOL—NEW ODOURLESS AND NON-POISONOUS SUBSTITUTE FOR IODOFORM.
In 1oz. Original Bottles only.

SOLE WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY,
KEMP AND Co., LD., BOMBAY.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE,

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

ADVICE TO INVALIDS.—If you wish to obtain quiet, refreshing sleep, free from headache, relief from pain and anguish, to calm and assuage the weary achings of protracted disease, invigorate the nervous media, and regulate the circulating systems of the body, you will provide yourself with that marvellous remedy discovered by Dr. J. Collis Browne (late Army Medical Staff), to which he gave the name of CHLORODYNE, and which is admitted by the Profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remedy ever discovered.
CHLORODYNE is the best remedy known for Coughs, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma.
CHLORODYNE acts like a charm in Diarrhœa and is the only specific in Cholera and Dysentery.
CHLORODYNE effectually cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Hysteria, Palpitation, and Spasms.
CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Meningitis, &c.
From Symes & Co., Pharmaceutical Chemists, Medical Hall, Simla, January 5, 1880, to J. T. Davenport, Esq., 33 Great Russell-street, Bloomsbury, London. "Dear Sir,—We embrace this opportunity of congratulating you upon the widespread reputation this justly esteemed medicine, Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne, has earned for itself not only in Hindostan, but all over the East. As a remedy of general utility, we much question whether a better is imported into the country, and we shall be glad to hear of its finding a place in every Anglo-Indian home. The other brands, we are happy to say, are now relegated to the native bazaars, and judging from their sale, we fancy their sojourn there will be but evanescent. We could multiply instances *ad infinitum* of the extraordinary efficacy of Dr. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne in Diarrhœa and Dysentery. Spasms, Cramps, Neuralagia, the Vomiting of Pregnancy and as a general sedative, that have occurred under our personal observation during many years. In Choleraic Diarrhœa, and even in the more terrible forms of Cholera itself, we have witnessed its surprisingly controlling power. We have never used any other form of this medicine than Collis Browne's from a firm conviction that it is decidedly the best, and also from a sense of duty we owe to the profession and the public, as we are of opinion that the substitution of any other than Collis Browne's is A DELIBERATE BREACH OF FAITH on the part of the CHEMIST TO PRESCRIBER AND PATIENT ALIKE. We are, sir, faithfully yours Symes & Co., Members of the Pharm. Society of Great Britain, His Excellency the Viceroy's Chemists."
CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood states that Dr. J. Collis Browne was, undoubtedly, the Inventor of Chlorodyne; that the story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, which, he regretted to say, had been sworn to.—See "The Times," July 13, 1864.
Sold in bottles at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. each. None is genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the Government stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle.
CAUTION.—Beware of piracy an imitation. Sole Manufacturer—J. T. DAVENPORT, 33, Russell's treet Bloomsbury; London.

PASSAGE SEASON, 1890. KING, KING & CO., BANKERS AND AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. and O. and all other Lines on favourable terms, and FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.
SECOND SALOON accommodation by the P & O. Line secured at very low rates. Special attention given to the grouping of passengers and selection of Berths, so as to secure their comfort on the voyage. For this purpose a Register is kept free of charge, and intending Travellers are recommended to forward their names for registration at as early a date as possible, so as to ensure satisfactory arrangements being made.
PASSENGERS are met on arrival at Plymouth by Messrs. Henry S. King & Co. (London), or at Liverpool by Messrs. King, Baillie & Co. Messrs. King, King & Co.'s Agents at Aden, Port Said, Malta, Brindisi, Marseilles, and Gibraltar will render their Constituents every assistance.
SPECIAL arrangements have been made for the convenience of Ladies and Children travelling alone.
BAGGAGE CARGO and PARCELS Shipped or Cleared at Low rates; Fire and Marine Insurance effected when desired; excellent godown accommodation furnished, and every facility given for examination.
IMPORTERS can rely on their goods being cleared promptly, economically, and safely by a large and experienced staff, many of whom have been twenty years and upwards in Messrs. King, King & Co.'s employ, being constantly in attendance on the Bunder, and at the Custom House.
LOANS granted on easy terms. Letters of Credit and Circular Notes issued payable in all the principal towns of the world.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE, Sovereigns, and Bank of England Notes bought and sold at the best rates of the day.
CORRESPONDENCE INVITED, and a copy of Messrs. King, King & Co.'s "Handbook for Homeward bound Passengers" forwarded on application, free of charge.

KING, HAMILTON & Co., CALCUTTA.
KING, BAILLIE & Co., LIVERPOOL.
HENRY S. KING & Co., London.

KEATING'S BONBONS OR WORM TABLETS.

A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, both in appearance and taste, furnishing a most agreeable method of administering the only certain remedy for INTESTINAL or THREAD WORMS. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and is especially adapted for Children. Sold in Bottles by all Chemists.

A LECTURE READ BY
PROFESSOR JAMES DARMESTETER
(In pamphlet form),
Reprinted from the *Bombay Gazette*.
Annas 2. Post free.
To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Press.

IMPORTANT. RE EXCHANGE.

IN consequence of the present favourable Rate of Exchange, MESSRS. MARCKS & Co., Limited, have pleasure in intimating to the Public that they have made an all-round Reduction on the Prices of their Goods of 15 per cent.

15 per cent. on GOLD WATCHES.
15 per cent. on SILVER WATCHES.
15 per cent. on CLOCKS.
15 per cent. on CHRONOMETERS.
15 per cent. on WATCH CHAINS.
15 per cent. on CHARMS.
15 per cent. on RINGS.
15 per cent. on BROOCHES.
15 per cent. on EARRINGS, &c.
15 per cent. on SILVER JEWELLERY.
15 per cent. on ALL JEWELLERY.
15 per cent. on ELECTRO-PLATE.
15 per cent. on SILVER PLATE.
15 per cent. on PIANOFORTES
15 per cent. on ORGANS.
15 per cent. on MUSICAL BOXES.
15 per cent. on BICYCLES.
15 per cent. on TRICYCLES.
15 per cent. on ALL MISCELLANEOUS GOODS.
15 per cent. on EVERYTHING.

MARCKS & COMPANY, Ld.

WATCH, CHRONOMETER & CLOCK MAKERS, JEWELLERS, ENGRAVERS, &c.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

FELT HATS, IMPROVED FLEXIBLE. NEW AND FASHIONABLE SHAPES, STYLISH AND BECOMING COLORS.

IN consequence of the IMPROVED EXCHANGE We are now able to offer our new Consignments of Hats &c., at the following greatly RE

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE CITY LINE s. s. "CITY of DUNDEE" has ARRIVED from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL, and is DISCHARGING in the PRINCE'S DOCK. CONSIGNEES are requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our COUNTERSIGNATURE, and to TAKE DELIVERY of their Goods without delay.

Matches, Oil, Acids, and other inflammable articles must be removed as they are landed, failing which they will be exposed at Consignees' risk, and subject to removal to the Combustible Shed at their expense.

Unless Boats are sent alongside without delay to take delivery of Packages exceeding in weight 30 cwt. they will be landed on the quay at the risk and expense of the Consignees.

Consignees are hereby expressly notified that all Claims for damage must be adjusted by Steamer's Surveyor, before the Goods are removed from the Landing Shed. The undersigned decline all responsibility in respect of Goods removed to the Unclaimed Warehouse.

All Claims must be presented before the sailing of the Steamer, otherwise none will be entertained.

Captain CLARK will attend every morning to survey damages, &c.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.

Bombay, 16th September, 1890.

SHIPPERS and CONSIGNEES of CARGO per Italian Mail Steamer "PO" Captain S. AUFOSSO, are hereby informed of her ARRIVAL from GENOA, on 19th instant, and that she is LOADING and DISCHARGING in the VICTORIA DOCK.

All CLAIMS for SHORT DELIVERY, &c., must be sent in before the departure of the Steamer; otherwise they will NOT BE ADMITTED under any circumstances.

R. PESCIO,
Acting Agent.

Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

BASEL "MISSION" (BALMATHA).

TABLE-LINEN, TOWELS, COUNTERPANES, TROUSERINGS, COATINGS, &c., WEBSTER'S SHIKAREE CLOTH,

Very celebrated and suitable for Hunters, Engineers, and for travelling purposes.

The demand for this material is increasing year by year.

Ginghams, 27 and 34 inches wide, to stand washing, in checked, striped, and mixed patterns, for Ladies' and Children's Dresses.

Can be had from the DEPOT, No. 27, Hummum Street.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

TENDERS FOR STORES.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Engineer at his Office Elphinstone Circle till noon on THURSDAY, 16th October, 1890, for the supply of the following stores, for 12 months from January 1st to December 31st, 1891.

Castings.	Wrought Iron.
Lime.	Stationery.
Sand.	Saddlery and Hardware.
Coals and Coke.	Timber.
Cocoanut and Castor oils.	
Cocoanut oil 1st quality for Light House use.	

Forms of Tender and Schedule of articles and other particulars may be obtained and samples inspected on application at the Engineer's Storekeeper's Office, Elphinstone Bunder, on payment of Rs. 2 for each schedule. No tender will be received unless accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 200. Covers to be endorsed "Tender for Stores." The Engineer does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender. The tenderer will be bound by his tender, as to each article or item for which he tenders, and the Engineer shall be at liberty to accept any portion of a tender and reject the remainder. The cost of stamping agreements to be borne by the successful tenderer. Samples of oil for Light House use must be sent in not later than the 9th of October. Each sample should be delivered in a 5 gallon Can marked on the outside with a private mark which should be indicated in the tender. No other mark indicating the name of the firm by whom the sample is sent should appear on the Can.

E. A. CORKE.,
Engineer's Storekeeper.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION TO THE CIVIL COURT TO GRANT A CERTIFICATE OF ADMINISTRATION FOR THE ESTATE OF A DECEASED.

SECTION 250 ACT X OF 1865.
No. OF APPLICATION 26 OF 1890.

IN THE COURT OF THE JUDICIAL COMMISSIONER CENTRAL PROVINCES.

IN RE LIEUTENANT and QUARTER-MASTER W. STANDRING, Deceased.

WHEREAS application has been made by ELIZA STANDRING, at present residing at Kamptee, Central Provinces, widow of the deceased, for the grant of a certificate of administration to the estate of her late husband, W. STANDRING (deceased) son of John Standring of 21, Crown Street, Rochdale, England, all persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the above mentioned deceased person or any part thereof are hereby invited in accordance with the provisions of section 250 Act X of 1865, to attend this Court and see the proceedings before the Grant of Letters of Administration on the 3rd day of November, 1890, which date has been fixed for hearing the petition of the applicant.

A. B. NAPIER.
Registrar,
Judicial Commissioner's Court, Central Provinces.
Nagpur, 6th September, 1890.

CONTRACTORS.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned, up to noon on 16th October, for 1,000 Tons of SOUTH MALABAR COAL.

Any necessary information may be obtained from the Port Engineer, Manora, to whom intending tenderers should themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

By Order,
R. H. CUMMING,
Secretary, Karachi Port Trust.
Office of the Port Trust, Karachi, 15th September, 1890.

THE BOMBAY SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 5, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, on MONDAY, the 29th of September, 1890, at 4 p. m., to transact the following business:—

1st. To receive the Directors' Report and the Audited Accounts for the half-year ending 30th June, 1890.
2ND. To declare a Dividend.
3RD. To elect a Director in the room of the Director who retires by rotation, but is eligible for re-election.
4TH. To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration.
5TH. To transact any other business which the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 23rd September, to 30th September, 1890, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
for the Hyderabad (Dn.) Spg. and Wg. Co., Ld.,
J. S. KEAY.
Secretary, Treasurer and Agent,
P. W. SHAW.

By p. pro.: John Fleming & Co., his Attorneys.
Bombay, 19th September, 1890.

BOMBAY CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

73, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

WEEKLY HOME NEWSPAPERS AND MONTHLY MAGAZINES for immediate supply to Mofussil Residents.

YEARLY SUBSCRIPTIONS, INCLUSIVE OF POSTAGE.

WEEKLY NEWSPAPERS.	Class A.	Class B.	Class C.
	Rs a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
Athenæum	14 0	12 0	10 0
British Medical Journal	26 0	23 0	18 0
Dublin Weekly Freeman	11 0	9 8	8 0
Engineer	34 0	29 0	24 8
Engineering	34 0	29 0	24 0
English Mechanic	12 0	10 8	8 0
Field	34 0	29 0	24 0
Funny Folks	10 0	8 8	7 0
Fair Play	14 0	12 0	10 0
Graphic	25 0	22 0	17 0
Home News	23 0	20 0	16 0
Illustrated London News	25 0	22 0	17 0
Lancet	34 0	29 0	24 0
London Figaro	10 0	8 8	7 0
Mail (Tri-weekly)	34 0	29 0	24 0
New York Medical Journal	26 0	23 0	18 0
Overland Mail	23 0	20 0	16 0
Pall Mall Budget	16 0	14 0	11 0
Pictorial World	25 0	22 0	14 0
Public Opinion	12 0	10 8	8 0
Punch	14 0	12 0	10 8
St. James's Budget	23 0	20 0	16 0
Saturday Review	23 0	20 0	16 0
Scientific American	14 0	12 0	10 0
Do. do. Supplement	16 0	14 0	11 0
Truth	24 0	21 0	16 0
Times (Weekly Edition)	12 0	10 8	8 8
Tit-Bits	10 0	8 8	7 0
Vanity Fair	24 0	21 0	16 0
World	24 0	21 0	16 0

Papers under Class A. are posted on arrival of the English Mail in Bombay.

Papers under Class B. are posted three days after arrival of the English Mail in Bombay.

Papers under Class C. are posted one week after arrival of the English Mail in Bombay.

MONTHLY MAGAZINES AND REVIEWS.	Class A.	Class B.	Class C.
	Rs a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a
Birmingham Medical Journal	9 0	8 0	6 0
Cassell's Family Magazines	5 0	4 8	3 8
Chambers' Journal	5 8	5 0	4 0
Contemporary Review	20 0	17 0	14 0
Cornhill Magazine	5 0	4 8	3 8
Dublin Medical Journal	15 0	14 0	8 0
Dublin Review (Quarterly)	10 0	14 0	9 0
Edinburgh Medical Journal	15 0	14 0	10 0
Family Herald	4 8	4 0	3 0
Fortnightly Review	20 0	17 0	14 0
Glasgow Medical Journal	15 0	14 0	8 0
Harper's Monthly Magazine	9 8	8 8	6 8
Leisure Hour	4 8	4 0	3 0
Longman's Magazine	5 0	4 8	3 8
Marine Engineer	5 0	4 8	3 8
Macmillan's Magazine	8 8	7 8	6 0
Medical Review	20 0	17 0	14 0
Nineteenth Century	20 0	17 0	14 0
Practitioner	12 8	11 0	8 0
Provincial Medical Journal	5 8	5 0	4 8
Textile Manufacturer	10 8	9 0	...
Textile Journal of Fabrics	10 0	9 0	7 0
Textile World	7 0	6 0	7 0
Young Ladies' Journal	7 8	6 8	5 0

Magazines under Class A. are posted on arrival in Bombay.

Magazines under Class B. are posted one week after arrival in Bombay.

Magazines under Class C. are posted three weeks after arrival in Bombay.

N. B.—All Subscriptions must be Paid in Advance.

NOW READY—MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY for 1890.—Enlarged, Corrected, and Revised up to Date. Indispensable for Visitors and Residents. Cloth bound.—Price Rs. 2.—Postage 4 annas. Bombay Gazette, Albert Building Fort Bombay.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, Empress of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of RADHABAI (widow of THACKER RAMJEE JEEWRAJ) of Bombay, Hindoo, deceased.

KALYANJI JIVRAJ, Brother-in-law of the said deceased.....Petitioner.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the above-named deceased, are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness, Sir CHARLES SARGEANT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, the 16th day of September, in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety, and the Fifty-fourth year of our Reign.

J. W. ORR,
Registrar.

The Seal of the High Court at Bombay

The 16th day of September, 1890.

Messrs. TYABJI & DAYABHAI,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

L. N. BANAJEE.

NOTICES.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

HUBBUCK'S PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT.

TO Architects, Contractors, Dock Companies, Mill Owners, Railway Companies, Ship Owners and all who are desirous of obtaining, a reliable and durable Paint, THOMAS HUBBUCK AND SON (the original Patentees of White Zinc Paint) beg to inform the above that "HUBBUCK'S GENUINE PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT AND OILS" can always be obtained of the undermentioned well known Firms in Bombay. This Paint has successfully stood the test of all climates for many years, and has an ever increasing demand; it is far superior in pureness of colour, in body, in fineness, and lasting properties to any other Paint; retains its colors, and when mixed with HUBBUCK'S PALE BOILED LINSEED OIL does not crack or blister, and is not affected by atmospheric changes, salt water, or gas). THOMAS HUBBUCK AND SON knowing the importance of such a Paint to the above, trust their Friends will continue to use this world-renowned HUBBUCK'S PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT, the quality of which never varies.

HUBBUCK'S PALE BOILED LINSEED OIL.

THOS. HUBBUCK & SON desire to call attention to their special PALE BOILED LINSEED OIL. This OIL is paler than Raw Linseed Oil and therefore does not discolor White or other delicate colors. By their patent process all the fatty matter (which renders Paint non-drying and sticky) is extracted making the Paint mixed with this Oil dry quickly with a perfectly hard and smooth surface, prevents blistering, and is therefore consequently much more durable. This Oil has been successfully in use for many years in China, Japan, the West Indies, the Straits Settlements, Burmah, &c. One trial will show the importance of this Oil in a climate like India, and will cause it to become in general demand through India. THOS. HUBBUCK & SON ship only GENUINE OILS and TURPENTINE, and therefore, trust their friends will see when ordering HUBBUCK'S PAINTS that they also get HUBBUCK'S GENUINE OILS and TURPENTINE. Good Paint is destroyed by using an inferior Oil.

J. FISCHER and Co., 21, Hummum Street.
JOSEPH SOARES, Elphinstone Circle.
D. R. DADY & Co.
H. SHAIK ADAM and Co., Church Lane.
E. A. KURRIM, Apollo Road.
E. E. KURWA, and Sons Abdool Rahmon Street.
SHALLABHOY TYEBJEE and Co., Apollo Road.
NUZSHALLY SURRAFALLY, Jumma Musjid.
A. M. HASSANALLY, Abdool Rahmon Street.
ESSOOFALLY SUMSOODIN, Jumma Musjid.
CHANDABHOY RAJBHOY & Co.
MAHOMEDBHAI ABDOOL HOSSEIN, &c., &c.

THOS. HUBBUCK and SON, (ESTABLISHED 1765.)

Manufacturers, Patent White Zinc, Genuine WHITE lead, Genuine Red Lead, Colors, Varnishes, etc.

(OIL BOILERS AND REFINERS)

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSES—24 LIME St., E.C.
FACTORY AND WHARF—RATCLIFF, LONDON.

IMPORTERS and DEALERS are INVITED to TENDER for the supply to the B. B. and C. I. Railway of MISCELLANEOUS STORES as per list posted up at the General Offices, Fort. Tenders will be received not later than noon on MONDAY next, at the Chief Storekeeper's Office, Parel.

S. A. DUIGAN,
Storekeeper.

VICTORIA JUBILEE TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, BYCULLA, BOMBAY.

NEW CLASSES formed for FRESH STUDENTS.—Those who desire to attend are advised to make immediate application, DAY and EVENING WORK begins on MONDAY, 10th November, 1890.

Printed form showing the Time Table and other information can be obtained on application by letter to the PRINCIPAL at the Institute.

NOWROJEE N. WADIA.
Honorary Secretary.

TO BE disposed of on account of bad health of the present lessor, a contract with the PERIM COAL Co., Ld., for the SUPPLY of PROVISIONS to shipping, rations to coolies, &c.&c., still to run for 19 months with the option of renewal for 5 years.

For the same reason the contractor will also dispose of his Hotel (Grand Hotel de l' Universe,) established since 1868.

For all information please address J. Sucl, Aden, or the PERIM COAL Co., Ld.,

INDIAN COTTON COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the FIFTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Indian Cotton Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Nos. 7 and 9 Church Gate Street, on Wednesday, the 24th day of September, 1890, at 3-30 p m., to transact the following business:—

1. To receive the Directors' Report and the Audited Accounts of the Company up to 30th June, 1890.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To elect a Director in the room of the Director who retires by rotation, but who is eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors and to fix their remuneration.
5. To transact any other business which the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 17th September to 1st October, 1890, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
GADDUM, BYTHELL & Co.,
Secretaries & Treasurers.

Bombay, 8th September, 1890.

NEW BERAR COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the SEVENTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the New Berar Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Nos. 7 and 9, Church Gate Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 24th September, at 3 p.m., to transact the following business:—

1.—To receive the Directors' Report and the Audited Accounts up to 30th June, 1890.
2.—To declare a Dividend.
3.—To elect a Director in the room of the Director who retires by rotation, but is eligible for re-election.
4.—To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration.
5.—To transact any other business which the Chairman may bring before the meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 17th September to 1st October, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,
GADDUM, BYTHELL, & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, 8th September, 1890.

COMMISSARIAT NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received on 25th Proximo, by the Chief Commissariat Officer, Karachi, up to 1 P.M., (local time), and by the other Commissariat Officers up to 1-30 P.M., (Madras time), for Contracts as specified below for 1891-92.

Forms of Tenders and Schedules and all further particulars can be obtained on application at the above Offices.

Deesa	}	Potatoes, under Schedule No. 43
Karachi		
Hydrabad		
Karachi	}	Straw, rice or paddy, Do. No. 32
Hydrabad		Do. „ 39

FRED. HUGHES, Colonel,
For Commissary General.
Commissary General's Office, Poona, 29th August, 1890.

THE UNIVERSAL ANGLO-PERSIAN GRAMMAR.

A NEW WORK altogether compiled by the Undersigned for the public use specially to supply the great desideratum long felt by the Persian Scholars. It is intended to remedy the general difficulties both in grammar and composition points, felt by beginners in their study of the Oriental language, but will prove a most interesting and useful reference manual to the general readers who are fond of the noble language.

Price Rs. 3, Cloth Cover and Paper, Rs. 1-3.

Which is comparatively nothing to the Herculean work itself.

It is dedicated to H. E. the late Governor, Lord Reay.

To be had from the following Agency offices:—

1. ATMARAM SAGOON and Co., Kalbadevi, Bombay.
2. Messrs. SAYAD RAJA and Co., Akekwala, Bhendi Bazar, Bombay.

THE ADELPHI HOTEL, POONA.

VISITORS TO POONA ARE RESPECTFULLY requested to bear in mind that the Adelphi Hotel is now open, and has been most elegantly fitted and furnished. The Bed-rooms, both double and single, are large and airy, and the Proprietor has spared neither trouble nor expense to make it really a First Class and the Best Hotel in Poona.

The Dining and Drawing Rooms and Parlour are large and airy, with a grand Sympathetic Square Piano, by Messrs. Marcks & Co., having been furnished in a most elegant style.

The Cuisine is under the immediate Superintendence of a Competent Chef.

A trial is earnestly solicited.

For Terms, &c., apply to the Proprietor, Adelphi Hotel, Poona.

CHARLES & CO.,

TINSMITHS, COPPERSMITHS AND ELECTRO-PLATERS.

HEAD OFFICE: BYCULLA,
BRANCH OFFICE: MEDOW STREET, FORT.

CHARLES & Co., beg to inform Managers of Hotels, Messes, Clubs and the public in general that they undertake to Electroplate Household Articles. The services of an experienced hand have been secured.

In prices we defy competition.

A trial order solicited. Outstations orders will be promptly attended to.

CHARLES & Co.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional), Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors: THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England.

CONTAMINATIONS

of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Disease, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains for it removes the *cause* from the blood and bones of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s. per bottle. Thousands of Testimonials.

REVENUE ENHANCEMENTS.—By Sir W. WEDDERBURN, Bombay Civil Service. Price annas eight, postage free.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.

CAPITAL.....£3,200,000.

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.

LONDON OFFICE, 32, Threadneedle Street, E. C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.

DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods, at rates to be obtained on application.

LETTERS OF CREDITS payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.

DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks, received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

E. C. MONOD,
Acting Manager.

Rampart Row, W.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

PAID-UP CAPITAL—£800,000.
RESERVE FUND—£250,000.

HEAD OFFICE:
HATTON COURT, THREAD-NEEDLE STREET, LONDON.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

INTEREST ALLOWED

On CURRENT ACCOUNTS at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances.

On FIXED DEPOSITS for 12 months at 5 per cent. per annum.

And for shorter periods at rates which can be ascertained on application.

All letters should be addressed, and remittances made payable, to THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

JOHN STIVEN,
Agent.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL	$8,168,062·50
RESERVE FUND	$5,482,127·20
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS	$8,168,062·50

HEAD OFFICE, HONGKONG.

COURT OF DIRECTORS:

Chairman—H. L. DALRYMPLE, Esq.

Deputy-Chairman—J. S. MOSES, Esq.

W. G. Brodie, Esq. | B. Layton, Esq.
T. E. Davies, Esq. | Hon. A. P. Mackiewan.
W. H. Forbes, Esq. | S. C. Michaelson, Esq.
H. Hoppius, Esq. | L. Poesnecker, Esq.
Hon. J. J. Keswick. | D. R. Sassoon, Esq.

Chief Manager—T. JACKSON, Esq.

LONDON BANKERS—LONDON & COUNTY BANKING Co., Ld.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

Amoy.	Hankow.	Penang.
Bankok.	Hiogo.	Saigon.
Batavia.	Holio.	San Francisco.
Bombay.	Lyons.	Singapore.
Calcutta.	Manila.	Tientsin.
Foochow.	New York.	Yokohama.
Peking.	Hamburg.	

BOMBAY AGENCY.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent. daily balances, if not under Rs. 500.

On Fixed Deposits, for 12 months, at 5 per cent.

Terms for shorter periods on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on London, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

DAVID JACKSON,
Agent.

Church Gate Street, Bombay, and at Mangoe Lane Calcutta.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS,

BOMBAY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened, and Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum balance, if not drawn below Rs. 500 during the preceding half-year.

DEPOSITS received, subject to 12 months' notice, at 5 per cent. per annum; for shorter periods rates will be furnished on application.

BILLS of EXCHANGE and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on the United Kingdom, Calcutta and Madras granted at the best rate of the day.

REGULAR FAMILY REMITTANCES arranged and Pay, Pensions, Dividends, &c., realised.

CIRCULAR NOTES issued payable all the World over.

Letters of Credit issued by English or American Bankers cashed, Sovereigns and Bank of England Notes bought or sold at favourable rates.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS for long or short periods granted on easy terms, and approved Bills or Cheques discounted.

GOVERNMENT and OTHER SECURITIES bought and sold or received for safe custody.

REGIMENTAL and PERSONAL AGENCY of every description transacted, Passages engaged on best terms possible, Baggage, Cargo, and Parcels shipped or cleared and orders for Stores and Regimental Requisites executed.

HENRY, S. KING & CO., LONDON.

THE CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

ESTABLISHED 1857.

CAPITAL PAID-UP	£750,000
RESERVE FUNDS	£250,000
RESERVE LIABILITIES OF SHAREHOLDERS	£750,000

BANKERS.

LONDON	The Bank of England. The London Joint Stock Bank.
SCOTLAND	Bank of Scotland. Royal Bank of Scotland. National Bank of Scotland.
IRELAND	National Bank.
AMSTERDAM	Hope & Co. The Amsterdamsche Bank.
ROTTERDAM	Wertheim & Gompertz. The Rotterdamsche Bank.
PARIS	André Neuflize & Co.

BRANCHES.

Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Colombo, Galle, Kandy, Rangoon, Penang, Singapore, Malacca, Batavia, Hongkong and Shanghai.

CORRESPONDENTS.

Aden	Messrs.	LUKE, THOMAS & Co.
Amoy	„	BOYD & Co.
Bangkok	„	WINDSOR, ROSE & Co.
Cairo	„	CREDIT LYONNAIS.
Cheribon	„	G. A. VAN PUTTEN & Co.
Durban	„	NATAL BANK.
Do.	„	STANDARD BANK OF SOUTH AFRICA.
Foochow	„	PURDON & Co.
Hankow	„	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.
Kobe	„	CORVES & Co.
Lyon	„	CREDIT LYONNAIS.
Macassar	„	REISS & Co.
Mauritius	„	BLYTH BROS. & Co.
Medan (Sumatra)	„	BROWN & Co.
Nagasaki	„	M. RASPE & Co.
Negapatam	„	BANK OF MADRAS.
Padang	„	C. L. VAN BUREEN & Co.
Pecalongan	„	G. A. VAN PUTTEN & Co.
Saigon	„	WM. G. HALE & Co.
Samarang	„	MCNEILL & Co.
Sourabaya	„	FRASER, EATON & Co.
Tagal	„	G. A. VAN PUTTEN & Co.
Tientsin	„	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.
Yokohama	„	BISSET & Co.

In Australia ... The Bank of New South Wales. The Union Bank of Australia, Limited. The Bank of Victoria. The Bank of Australasia. The National Bank of Australasia.

BOMBAY BRANCH:

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed, at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum, on Daily Balances not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. When the accrued interest for six months does not amount to Rs. 10, no interest is allowed.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON FIXED DEPOSITS.

At 12 months' notice, 5 per cent. per annum. For shorter periods, at rates to be learned on application.

Every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted on Terms to be ascertained on Application.

J. C. BERGENDAHL,
Agent.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA (LIMITED).

HEAD OFFICE—39a, Threadneedle Street, London.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£933,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£166,500
RESERVE FUND.....£140,000

LONDON BANKERS.
BANK OF ENGLAND,
NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK OF ENGLAND,
NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND, Ld.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest will be allowed on balances under Rs. 1,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Interest is allowed on Fixed Deposits—
For 12 months, at 5 per cent. per annum, and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

EXCHANGE.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills payable in London, Calcutta, Madras, Kurrachee, Colombo, Rangoon, Mandalay, and Delhi. It grants Drafts on London and on its Branches and Agencies at the Current Rates of Exchange.

By Order of the Directors,
H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

THE "ST. JAMES'S BUDGET."

A WEEKLY EDITION OF THE "ST. JAMES'S GAZETTE."

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION
Including Postage.

Twelve months.....Rs. 26
Six months.....„ 13-8

The "St. James's Budget" may be ordered at the above rates from Messrs. THACKER, SPINK and Co., Calcutta, Messrs. THACKER and Co. Ld., Bombay, or Messrs. HIGGINBOTHAM and Co. Madras.

The paper will be posted from London direct or the subscriber's address.

It paid in England the Rates of Subscription including postage is 8s. 2d. per quarter.

OFFICE Dorset St. W. Whitefriars, London.

EYESIGHT!

THE necessity for proper testing of the sight before ordering Spectacles cannot be overrated. We have the highest medical authority confirmed by daily experience that imperfect glasses, together with the haphazard plan of selection generally employed, are frequent causes of irremediable injury to the sight, and as no present economy can compensate for such a loss, it behoves all to be cautious how they are tempted to use the common Spectacles now so generally sold by those who keep an ill-assorted collection just to complete a miscellaneous stock.

We make this department of our business a speciality, and we claim to have the largest and most complete stock in India. Our Opticians being thoroughly practical men, we can guarantee the correction of the defects and irregularities of the sight by optical means.

DR. A. MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLES

Have always been and always are by a very long way the best procurable, and owing to the present favorable rate of exchange, we have been able to reduce their prices, which though very little in advance of other Houses the slightly extra cost is more than compensated for by their superiority and perfection.

It is well known to us from experiments that a great deal of discomfort must arise from the use of spectacles with ill-fitting frames, for instance a pair of lenses in frames a little too wide or a little too narrow would compel the patient to look through the inner or outside sides of the lenses or through their prisms instead of through their centre and which must necessitate a call upon the convergence muscles for increased effort at a time when the accommodation muscles are relaxed. This cannot but be a source of discomfort at all times and a source of danger to the eyes. Several instances have been known in which discomfort in wearing spectacles has been removed as soon as lenses of the same power were put into frames adopted to the requirements of the wearer.

Every precaution is taken by us to supply not only the best lenses procurable but also to supply frames in which the lenses are so placed as to make the wearing of spectacles a pleasure.

STEEL FRAMES.

Single Temple or Turn-pin	from Rs.	6	
Do. do. Dr. Menist's	„	15	
Folders or "Pince-Nez"	from „	6	
Do. do. Dr. Menist's	„	15	

SILVER FRAMES.

Single Temple or Riding Hooks	„	20	
Do. do. do. Dr. Menist's	„	23	
Turn-pin Sporting or Billiard Spectacles	„	24	
Do. do. do. Dr. Menist's	„	30	
Folders or Pince-Nez, with Steel Springs	from „	20	
Do. do. do. Gold Springs	„	25	
Do. do. Dr. Menist's	„	25	

GOLD FRAMES.

Single Temple or Riding Hooks, oval or pantascopic from	„	25	
Do. do. do. Dr. Menist's	„	45	
Turn-pin Sporting or Billiard Hooks	„	35	
Do. do. do. Dr. Menist's	„	55	
Folders or Pince-Nez, Japanese Springs from	„	30	
Do. do. do. Dr. Menist's	„	40	
Do. do. non-pressure springs	„	35	
Do. do. do. Dr. Menist's	„	45	

GLARE PROTECTORS.

Steel Framed Globular Glare Folders, Hooks or Turn-pins	from Rs.	3	
Silver Framed do. do.	from „	18	
Gold Framed do do.	from „	35	

STIRRUP OR "D" EYE PROTECTORS.

Steel or Nickel Turn-pin, Single Temple or Rooksides from „ 6

Silver do. do. do.	from „	25	
Gold do. do. do.	from „	60	

JAPANESE CUPS OR GLARE AND DUST GLASSES.

Blue Steel Frame, Velvet Rimmed	from Rs.	4	
Silver do. do.	from „	30	
Gold do. do.	from „	70	

LORGNONS.

A very elegant form of optical relief specially designed for Ladies. Best quality, in substantial engraved Gold Cases, and fitted with Dr. Menist's Perfect Pebbles.....Rs. 100

Decorated Tortoise Shell, inlaid with Mother-O'Pearl or in plain Mother-O'Pearl, with Silver Mounts... „ 25

Tortoise Shade long handle, without middle joint, very fashionable... „ 20

OXFORDS OR SINGLE EYE-GLASSES.

GLASS.....Re. 1-8 each. Pebbles.....Rs. 8 each.

ATTACHMENTS.

Eye-glass Cords, Black Silk	4 for Rs.	1	0
„ Wirebound, very fine	each Re. 1 and „	1	8
„ Chains, Silver or Aluminium	each „	3	0
„ „ Gold	each from „	10	0

MARCKS & CO., LD., BOMBAY AND POONA.

LUMINOUS PHOSPHORUS

Important to Invalids!

H. & T. KIRBY & CO'S PREPARATIONS

Possess wonderful VITALIZING and ENERGIZING PROPERTIES and are THE MOST POWERFUL RESTORATIVES OF VIGOUR AND MENTAL ACTIVITY KNOWN. The Phosphorus being unoxidised supplies the brain and spinal cord with its proper Pabulum.

In this form it is powerfully remedial, particularly in LOSS OF NERVE POWER, as manifested by INCAPACITY FOR WORK, WANT OF ENERGY, LOWNESS OF SPIRITS NEURALGIA, MENTAL DEPRESSION, MELANCHOLIA, FEEBLE DIGESTION AND CIRCULATION, COLD EXTREMITIES, WEAK HEART, LOSS OF PHYSICAL VIGOUR, and NERVOUS DEBILITY. For these and all other conditions indicating defective nutrition or exhaustion of the nervous centres, whether arising from overwork, the effect of climate or excess, Medical authorities all agree that PHOSPHORUS is the most effectual remedy.

The following preparations, of which we are the ORIGINAL Makers, are thoroughly reliable. They may be obtained from our appointed Agents (see below), in Bottles, 3s., 5s. and 10s. each (English money), the 10s. Bottle containing sufficient for a course of three weeks. Two 10s. Bottles may be obtained direct from the makers' laboratory, carriage paid to any post town in India or Australia, by remitting Post Office Order for 21s.

SIMPLE PHOSPHORUS PILLS.

(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 5), containing 1-20th gr. Phosphorus.

Dr. KIRBY says: "Experience fully warrants the administration of Phosphorus in this dose" in severe attacks of Neuralgia and cases of extreme Nervous Exhaustion; it gives excellent results, taken with food three or four times a day.

PHOSPHORUS AND QUININE PILLS.

(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 3), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.

This is a valuable combination of two powerful restoratives. As a *nutrient tonic* it gives power to the brain and spinal cord, imparts tone to the digestive organs increases functional activity and improves the condition of the whole

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	500	6 pr. ct.	220
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	5 pr. ct.	980
Bank of Madras	100,000	500	all	5 pr. ct.	920
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	125
Charter Bank	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£25
Char. Mercantile	30,000	£25	£25	5 pr. ct.	380
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	60,000	$125	all	17½ pr.ct.	..
National Bank of India	37,320	£25	£12	5 pr. ct.	165
New Oriental Bank	50,000	£10	all	6 pr. ct.	160

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly.	
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	7	1,000xd
Albert Ginning Co	100	500	all	18 pr. ct.	450
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	60	820
Apollo	750	2,400	2,300	Nil.	220
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	350xd
Bombay Cotton	1,000	125	125	20	165
Bombay National Manfg. Co., Ld.	500	1,000	1,000	..	510
Broach Gavnepore Press Co. Ld.	500	200	200	16	95
Colaba	500	1,880	1,880	55	300
East India	350	1,000	1,000	130	1,300
English Printing and Manfg.					
Fort	400	250	..	Rs. 20	165
French	150	8,500	5,500	150	1,125
Harvey and Sabapathy	300	500	all	20	500xd
Hemchd Press Co., Ld.	450	450	500	30	450
Khanagum	750	100	all	..	160
Mahmadpura-Cotton Go. and P. Co., Ld.	240	450	450	51	410xd.
Mercantile	300	500	500	pr. ct.	500
Mofussil Co	1,000	125	125	10	65
Munmar M	3,125	400	400	50	440
New Bengal	1,000	250	all	Rs. 15	150xd
New Indian	1,200	500	500	45	565
Prince of Wales	4,000	125	125	11	97½
Sabapathy (Bellary)	600	500	500	40	375
Sawoon	300	500	500	2	500
Sind and Punjab Co.	100	1,000	1,000	25	1,150
Sind	400	2,000	750	50	500
Sorab Woollen Mills	1,200	250	250	..	200
Volkart	..	1,000		60	675

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Last half-yearly.	
Alcock' Ashdown	1,000	200	200	10	220
	750	150	150	7½	170
Back Bay Baths	500	50	50	12	50
Badhan Bros	5,000	100	100	14	100
Bapty Bros	6,625	200	185	18	42
Berar Oil Mills Co., Limited.	1,250	100	All.	Nil.	100 nom
Bombay Fire Insurance	600	2,500	1,000	70	750
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	135	3,480
Do. New Issue.	500	375	625	33⅓	870
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	5	90xd
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	400	500	500	6 pr. ct.	630
Bomba / Flour Mills	1,000	500	500	Rs. 37½	770
Deccan Ice Co	1,170	100	100	4 pr. ct.	30
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	Nil	425
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	1,500	200	200	..	182
Empire Fire Insurance	5,000	5,000	1,000	7½ pr. ct.	700
Govr. Sec. Co. Ld.	500	100	70	..	70 nm
Indian Guarantee Surety-ship Assn.	5,000	100	10	10 pr. ct.	11½
Indian Fire Insurance Co	250	4,000	1,000	90	1,100
John Roberts & Co	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.	75 xcd
Koup & Co	4,000	200	175	26½	325xd
Kurrachee Landing	500	500	300	30	60
Mahar ance Ice Manufactoring Co	3,500	100	100	Nil.	50
Marcks & Co., Ld	4,000	100	100	Rs. 5	70
Napier Hotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	90
Napier Foundry	1,000	100	200	..	
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	12 pr. ct.	185
Oriental Loan	5,000	20	20	8 pr. ct.	22
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	7 pr. ct.	65
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	370xd
Prince of Wales Pier	250	8,000	1,000	N Dvd	1,600
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	..	60
Soundy & Co	1,000	100	100	.. 9	83
Southwell and Austin	1,000	100	100 & 20	..	85
Treasher and Co	2,000	500	all	85	1,030
Thacker & Co	1,500	100	100	10	120
Telephone Co	9,200	25	25	5-8	110
Western India Flour	...	...	...	..	20

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Last half-yearly.	
Ahmedabad	600	1,000	1,000	90	1,300
Alliance	1,500	1,000	all	22½	445
Anglo-India	9,345	100	100	2	63
Bellary S & W Co. Ld. (Bellary)	871	500	all	9 pr. ct.	500
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	25	630
Bombay Cotton Manfg Co	800	500	500	20	335
Central India	3,750	500	500	35	925
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	30	900xd
Connaught	600	500	500	Rs. 25	525
Colaba Land & Mill	4,000	700	700	20	595
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	430xd
David Mill	1,400	500	500	Rs. 20	463xd
Dhan Mills	50	800	800	40	800
Empress	2,100	500	all	Rs. 25	525
Framjee Petit	11,250	1,000	1,000	15	415
Gordon Mills	2,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	100
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	40	825
Hinguaghat Mills	700	500	500	40	660
Howard and Bullooughs	1,500	500	500	25	510
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	30	705
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	..	375
Indian Manfg.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	940
Jamsee Greaves	1,100	500	500	Rs. 25	530
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	Nil.	347½
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,600	250	250	10	235
Jewraz Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	45	790
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	545xd
Khandesh	750	1,000	1,000	30	600
Khangaum Manfg. Co	400	250	250	Nil.	200 nom
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	590
Leopold	3,500	100	100	Rs. 10	164xd
Lokmidas Sanning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	35	802½
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	100	2,000
Mahaluxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil.	350
Mahboob Shahi Mills (Gulburga)	2,400	500	500	9pr. ct.	500 nm
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	all	Rs. 50	1,127½
Masagon	5,000	250	250	5	92½
Morarji Gocouldas	1,050	1,000	1,000	70	1,610
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co	4,500	100	100	7 pr. ct.	105
National	500	1,000	1,000	Nil.	175
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	20	610
Oriental	5,725	625	625	10	330
People of India	1,000	250	250	Nil.	35
Presidency Mills Co. Ld.)	743	1,000	1,000	35	1,030
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	25	1,400
Shahpore Mills	1,000	500	500	30	1,335
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	Nil.	375
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Nil.	120
Southern Mahratta	1,212	250	250	12	275
Sun Mills	1,300	250	250	Nil.	240
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	1,000
Swadeshi Mills	3,000	500	500	Nil.	290
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	24	340
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	5	635
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	715
Muir Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	940xd
Lord Reay Mfg.	445	1,000	1,000	30	630

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

				Last half-yearly guar.	
G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock	..	£103	All	5 p.c.	2,375
B. B. & C. I. R. New Shares	..	£ 18	..	do.	420

PRICE OF BULLION, &c.

English Bar Gold	Rs.	19-12
China Leaf	„	20-4
Pokin Bar Gold, Now	„	19-2 nom.
Pokin Bar Gold, Old	„	19-5 „
Australian Bar Gold 100 touch	„	19-8
English Sovereigns	„	12-8
English Sovereigns, Dragons	„	12-8
Bar Silver 17	„	105-7
Bar Silver 17½ Bottomless	„	106-10
Sycee Silver	„	105 „

CALENDAR.—SEPTEMBER 1890.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

First Quarter..... Sept. 22nd, 2h. 56m. a.m.
Full Moon ..... „ 28th, 5h. 51m. p.m.

Days.	Engagements, &c.	Sun-rise.	Sun-set.	High Water.	Low Water.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Sat. 20	Fourth Criminal Sessions, 10 a.m.	5 49	5 58	2 40m 2 24 a	8 12m 8 36 a
Sun. 21	Sixteenth Sunday after Trinity. English mail expected per s.s. Rosetta."	5 49	5 57	3 30m 3 7 a	9 0m 9 32 a
Mon. 22	Mercantile Press Co., Meeting, 3 p.m. Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.	5 49	5 56	4 42m 4 12 a	10 25m 10 58 a
Tues. 23	.....	5 49	5 55	6 18m 5 48 a	0 38 a
Wed. 24	Municipal Standing Committee, 3 p.m. New Bora Co., Meeting, 3 p.m. Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills Co., Meeting, 3-30 and 4 m.p. Indian Cotton Co., Meeting, 3-30 p.m. Bombay Art Society: School of Arts, 5-30 p.m. Cricket: Poona vs. Nagar, at Poona.	5 49	5 55	7 32m 7 33 a	0 38m 2 3 a
Thr. 25	Cricket: Poona vs. Nagar, at Poona.	5 50	5 54	8 54m 8 57 a	1 51m 3 0 a
Fri. 26	.....	5 50	5 53	9 42m 9 52 a	3 6m 3 49 a

*Left Aden on Tuesday at 9 a. m.

ALL those who appreciate Lily-white Teeth Purity of the Mouth, and a Breath of Flowers, should use Kemp & Co.'s FLORAL MOUTH ELIXIR, which is both a perfect dentifrice and at the same time a delicious Mouth-Wash. Per bottle, Re. 1-4 and Re. 2-4.

CRAWFORD MARKET PRICE CURRENT.

Daily Prices—Beef—	Maximum Rate. Rs.	a.	p.
Prime pieces, 1st sort, per lb	0	4	0
Do. 2nd sort, per lb	0	3	6
Briskets and Round, 1st sort, per lb.	0	2	6
Do. do. 2nd sort, per lb.	0	2	0
Beefsteak (under part), per lb	0	6	0
Do. (round), per lb	0	1	6
Meat for soup, per lb.	0	1	9
Shins, large, each	0	5	0
Do. small, each	0	4	0
Tongues, fresh, each	0	3	6
Do. salt, each	0	7	0
Suet, 1st sort, each	0	5	0
Do. 2nd sort, each	0	4	0
Liver, each	0	4	0
Heart, each	0	1	9
Kidneys, each	0	1	0
Marrow Bones, each	0	1	0
Briskets and Round, 1st sort, for salting, per lb	0	2	6
Do. do. 2nd sort, do.	0	2	3
Oxtail, each	0	3	0
Sirloin, per lb	0	4	0
Fore Ribs, each	0	4	0
Beef Salt, English per lb	0	10	0
MUTTON—	1st Sort.	2nd Sort.	
Saddle, per lb	0 4 0	0 2	9
Leg, Loin, Shoulder, and Neck, per lb.	0 3 6	0 2	6
Liver and Heart, 1st sort, each	0 3 0	0 2	0
Do. do. 2nd sort, each	0 2 3	0 1	9
Breast, large, each	0 3 0	0 2	3
Do. small, each	0 2 6	0 2	0
Head, each	0 3 0	...	
Kidneys, each	0 1 0	0 1	0
Suet, per lb	0 3 0	0 3	0
KID (SMALL)—			
Hind Quarter, 1st sort ..... per piece	0 14	0	
Fore „ „ ..... „	0 12	0	
Hind „ 2nd sort ..... „	0 10	0	
Fore „ „ ..... „	0 8	0	
Head, Feet, Liver and Heart „	0 6	0	
LAMB (LARGE)—			
Hind Quarter, 1st sort ..... per piece	1 4	0	
Fore „ „ ..... „	1 2	0	
Hind „ 2nd sort ..... „	1 0	0	
Fore „ „ ..... „	0 14	0	
Head, Feet, Liver and Heart „	0 9	0	
PORK FRESH AND SALT—			
Pork Fresh, per lb	0 4	0	
Pork Salt, country, per lb	0 4	0	
Pigs (Roasted), each	3 8	0	
Do. Head, per lb	0 2	0	
Sausages, per lb	0 4	0	
Bacon, per lb	0 5	0	
Pigsfeet, Salt or Fresh, per set	0 6	0	
Do. Lard, per lb	0 6	0	
Do. Boiled Lard, per lb	1 0	0	
Pork, Salt, English, per lb	0 8	0	
POULTRY—			
Geese, each	4 0	0	
Turkey Cocks (very large), each	6 0	0	
„ Hens	3 8	0	
Duck large	0 14	0	
„ middling	0 12	0	
„ Bombay, large	0 10	0	
„ middling	0 8	0	
Chickens, large, each	0 6	0	
„ small	0 3	6	
Eggs, each	0 0	5	
Guinea Fowls, each	2 0	0	
Partridges, each	1 0	0	
Pigeons, per pair	0 10	0	
„ young, per pair	1 6	0	
Rabbits, each	0 7	0	
Doves, per pair	0 10	0	
Quails, per dozen	MILK AND BUTTER—		
Cow's Milk, per seer measure	0 2	6	
Buffalo's Milk, per seer measure	0 2	0	
„ Butter, per cup, 2 ozs.	0 1	6	
Jagree, per maund	3 0	0	
Butter, Englissa, per tin	1 4	0	
Cheese „	0 12	0	
BREAD—			
Soft Loaves, each	0 1	9	
Do. 2nd sort, each	0 1	0	
Do. brown, each	0 2	0	
Flour, Wheat, per seer	0 1	3	
Do. do. 2nd sort, per seer	0 1	0	
Rotong, 1st sort, per seer	0 1	3	
Do. 2nd sort, per seer	0 1	0	
Biscuits, Poona, per lb	0 4	0	
Do. Bombay, per lb	0 3	0	
Do. Poona, mixed, per lb	0 3	6	
Flour, Rice, 1st sort, per seer	0 0	9	
FIREWOOD—			
Coal, Europe, per ton	21 0	0	
Charcoal, country, per maund	0 9	0	
Babool, per candy	5 8	0	
„ per maund	0 3	3	
Aine, per candy	6 0	0	
„ per maund	0 3	6	
Mixed, of different sorts, per candy	4 8	0	
„ „ per maund	0 2	9	
Karmeli, per candy	5 0	0	
„ per maund	0 3	0	
Khaire, per candy	7 0	0	
„ per maund	0 4	0	
Hay, 100 lbs.	0 14	0	
OIL—			
Cocoanut, 1st sort, per maund	4 2	0	
„ 2nd sort, per maund	4 0	0	
Sweet Oil, 1st sort, per maund	4 6	0	
„ 2nd sort, per maund	3 10	0	
Linseed Oil, country, per maund	4 0	0	
Castor Oil, per maund	4 2	0	
„ „ Calcutta	4 10	0	
Kerosine Oil, Snow Flake, per Tin	2 9	0	
„ „ Common	2 0	0	
GHEE—			
Ghee, Surat, 1st sort, per seer	0 6	0	
„ Ghantee, 1st sort, per seer	0 5	6	
„ Jalfrabad, per seer	0 6	0	
Vinegar, table, country, per bottle	0 6	0	
„ common, country, per bottle	0 1	9	
Mowra spirit, per bottle	0 14	0	
GRAIN—			
Wheat, 1st sort, per pharra	4 8	0	
Do. 2nd sort, per pharra	4 0	0	
Do. 3rd sort, per pharra	3 4	0	
Cooliy (Horse Gram), per pharra	2 6	0	
Mutki, (Gingelly), per pharra	3 0	0	
Bajree, Bhowanggur, per pharra	3 12	0	
Rice, Jerasail, 1st sort	5 10	0	
Do. 2nd sort, per pharra	5 4	0	
Do. Common, per pharra	4 2	0	
Do. Bengal, 1st sort, pr. pharra	6 0	0	
Do. do. 2nd sort, pr. pharra	5 0	0	
Paddy, or Rice in husk, 1st sort, per pharra	1 14	0	
Do. do. 2nd sort, per pharra	1 8	0	
Barley (new), per pharra	2 0	0	
Do. (old) do.	1 10	0	
Oats, per pharra	4 8	0	
Jowaree or Cholum or Joanlee, per pharra	2 8	0	
Linseed, per pharra	4 4	0	
Maize, per pharra	2 8	0	
Moong, per pharra	4 2	0	
Do. Dall, per pharra	5 0	0	
Mussoor, per pharra	3 4	0	
Do. Dall, per pharra	3 6	0	
Nachni or Raggy, per pharra	2 0	0	
Peas, per pharra	3 4	0	
Toor, per pharra	2 12	0	
„ Dall, 1st sort	5 0	0	
„ „ 2nd sort	4 4	0	
Wal Beans, of sorts, per pharra	2 8	0	
Wurree or Veragoo, per pharra	3 8	0	
Kong, per pharra	4 0	0	
SUGAR—			
Coffee, 1st sort, per seer	0 9	0	
Do. 2nd sort, per seer	0 7	0	
Sugarcandy, 1st sort, per seer	0 3	0	
Do. 2nd sort, per seer	0 2	0	
Sugar, soft, 1st sort, per seer	0 1	6	
Do. do. 2nd sort, per seer	0 1	5	
Do. do. brown, per seer	0 1	3	
Do. Mauritius, per seer	0 1	6	
Tea, Hill, per lb	1 0	0	
Do. 1st sort, per lb	0 10	0	
Do. 2nd sort, per lb	0 6	0	
Sago, per seer	0 1	6	
VEGETABLES—			
Onions, per seer	0 0	3	
Carrots, per seer	0 0	6	
Cellery, large, each	0 1	3	
Lettuces, each	0 0	6	
Beet, log, each	0 1	3	
Beet, small	0 0	2	
Tomatoes, per seer	0 0	9	
French Beans, per seer	0 0	6	
Knol Khol, per dozen	0 9	0	
Pumpkins, large, each	0 8	0	
Do. small, each	0 6	0	
Cucumbers, per dozen	0 4	0	
Cocoanuts, whole per 100	4 8	0	
Do. shelled, per maund	3 12	0	
Betelnut, per maund	4 0	0	
Do. leaf, per 100	0 1	6	
FRUITS—			
Pineapple, large, each	1 0	0	
„ small, each	0 10	0	
Custard apples, each	0 1	3	
Pomeloes, small, each	0 10	0	
Guavas, large, per dozen	0 8	0	
„ small, per dozen	0 1	3	
Orange large, per dozen	2 8	0	
„ small, per dozen	1 0	0	
Plantains, large, red, per dozen	0 5	0	
„ small, red „	0 3	6	
„ large, yellow „	0 3	0	
„ small, yellow „	0 2	0	
Limes, sour	0 1	0	
Pomegranate, Bombay „	0 12	0	
Pears, per dozen	1 4	0	
Flowers, mixed, per bunch	1 0	0	
Chekoos, per dozen	1 0	0	
Moosoombees, Poona, per dozen	1 0	0	
FRESH FISH—			
Bouie, very large, per dozen	10 0	0	
„ large, per dozen	1 4	0	
Ghoal, large, each	2 8	0	
„ small, each	1 12	0	
Bumlows	0 4	0	

ONE of the provisions in the will of the late M. Calmer, formerly a senator of France, assuredly deserves to find a place in any future edition of the "Curiosities of the Search Room." M. Calmer, it would appear, was not satisfied with the ordinary mode of burial, although he was no advocate of cremation. He directed that his body should be placed in a wooden box which was to be pierced with twenty-five holes, weighted with a sheet of lead, and sunk beneath the sea-water by the little island of Lionde-Mer, his property, near the port of Saint Raphael. This strange wish, however, is destined never to be realised, for the Municipality of St. Raphael have decided that the body must be buried in the usual manner.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Cricket : Bombay Gymkhana *vs.* Hindus, 1-30 p.m.
Cricket : Garrison *vs.* Ralli Brothers' Cricket Club, 2 p.m., Colaba.
Sorosis meeting, 4 p.m.
Pali Hill Gun Club meet at Warli, 4-30 p.m.
Football : Rovers' *vs.* Royal Artillery, 5 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday :—Imperator (s), from Trieste ; Po (s), Genoa ; City of Dundee (s), Glasgaw ; and Kilwa (s), Busreh.
VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—Henry Bolckow (s), for Persian Gulf ; Arab (s), Calcutta ; and Siam (s), Aden.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. City of Dundee entered and the s. s. Clan Maclean left the dock yesterday and the s. s. Henry Bolkcow left it on Thursday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s. s. Imperator and the s. s. Po entered the dock yesterday.

CRICKET.—A match will be played to-day between the Bombay Gymkhana and the Hindoo C. C. Play will begin punctually at 1-30 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Karachi, Sind, and Kattiawar Coast, per extra s.s. Arabia, will be closed at the General Post Office , at 10 a.m., to-day, instead of at 4 p.m., as previously advertised.

ENGLISH LECTURE.—Dr. K. V. Kane will deliver an English lecture to-morrow (Sunday) evening, at 6 o'clock, in the hall of the Shivaji High School (Girgaum). Subject.—" How We Digest Our Food."

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.—The goods traffic on the B. B. & C. I. Railway for the week ending 30th August, 1890, shows a decrease, on the corresponding week of 1889, of 221,157 maunds, and of Rs. 6,506 in the earnings.

REV. DR. D'MONTE, D.D., D.C.L.—Among the passengers that arrived yesterday by the Rubbatino steamer Po was the Rev. Dr. B. D'Monte, the youngest son of Mr. D'Monte, of Bandora. He has returned from Rome, after passing the examinations for the Doctorates of Divinity and Canon Law.

MILL ACCIDENT.—Soma Bhicajee, a mill-hand, employed in Swadeshi Mills and Co., at Coorla, while placing belting on a wheel, was caught and dragged round the wheel, whereby his right arm was fractured. He was taken to the J. J. Hospital last night by the ramoose of the mill.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT TO A CYCLIST.—It is with regret we learn of a serious accident which has occurred to Mr. Rustomjee M. Satin, a well-known Parsee cyclist. On Thursday evening he was endeavouring to keep pace with a local train of the B. B. & C. I. Railway, and when near Churney Road station, a break-down caused him to fall heavily from his machine.

ACCIDENT.—Three men Ebrahim Shoram, Mugdun Bux, and Hamis Nasib were taken to the G. T. Hospital yesterday evening, suffering from severe burns on their bodies. While the men were discharging some cases of mineral acid from a steamer lying in the Prince's Dock, one of the cases fell on the ground and, bursting, burnt them very severely. They are now lying in the hospital.

ANNIVERSARY OF THE DEATH OF ARCHBISHOP PORTER.—It is proposed that a deputation of the Catholic Union shall pay a commemorative visit to the grave of our late Archbishop on Sunday, at 5-30 p.m., on the 28th September, which is the anniversary of his death. Dr. Batty, of the Marine Lines, will be pleased to hear from other gentlemen desirous of attending, so that suitable arrangements for conveyance singly or in group may be made in time.—*Bombay Catholic Examiner.*

HEAVY SENTENCE FOR HOUSE-BREAKING.—Sulleman Adamjee, an old offender, against whom there were three previous convictions, was charged at the Girgaum Police Court yesterday with house-breaking and theft. On the night of Tuesday last he broke into a grain-dealer's shop and stole a quantity of rice ; but was caught as he was coming out of the shop. He was convicted and having so many previous convictions, was sentenced to three years' imprisonment with hard labour.

SERIOUS RESULT OF A FIGHT.—About 9 o'clock last night, a serious fight took place at Jamblee Moholla, Pydownie, between three Hindoos, one named Narotum Lallchund and Jaykisson Humichand were severely injured on the head with a stick by the other Ramchund Davechund. Nurrotum Lallchund was picked up unconscious, and is now lying in a critical condition at the G. T. Hospital. Jaykisson Humichand was also detained in hospital as he has a serious wound about two inches in length on the left and upper part of the forehead, the bone being exposed. Ramchund Davechund was taken to the lock-up after his wounds, which were not serious, were dressed. The police are making further inquiries as to the cause of the affray.

ACCIDENT TO CAPTAIN COX, A.D.C.—We greatly regret to learn that Captain Cox, A.-D-C to his Excellency the Governor, met with rather a nasty accident on the polo ground, on Tuesday evening. He was playing in an ordinary station game, and during the last period his pony, while racing across the ground, crossed his legs and stumbled. Captain Cox was thrown violently to the ground, head foremost, and was rendered insensible. He was picked up and conveyed home to Ganeshkhind in a carriage by Capt. Forbes, A.-D.-C., who was also playing polo at the time. Dr. Martin attended to Captain Cox immediately, and in a short time the patient recovered consciousness. Beyond receiving a very severe shock we are gald to learn that Captain Cox has sustained no other injuries. He will, however, have to remain in bed for a few days.—*Deccan Herald.*

DEATH IN A PASSENGER TRAIN.—On the arrival of the up-passenger of the B. B. and C. I. Railway from Baroda, at the Dadar station, on Thursday morning, it was found that a passenger, named Dhunjee Dyaljee Alwande, was dead. The deceased, who appears to have died between Mahim and Dadar, had left Baroda in this train, and on arriving at Dadar intended to proceed to Nassick, his native country, by the G. I. P. Line. He occupied the position of a *sowar* to the Gackwar of Baroda, and was proceeding to his *mutook* on medical advice. Some time ago he sustained serious injury to his left foot owing to his horse having trodden upon it, which necessitated the amputation of three of his toes. The body of the deceased was placed on the pla tform under a pail in charge of his wife and two other sowars who buried it at Worlee before res umi ug their journey to Nassick.

GANPATI AND BIRTHDAY CELEBRATION.—In celebration of the birthday of his son and as a fitting commencement to the Ganpati ceremonies, Mr. Damodarao Balcrushnajee Pitale invited a large part y of his friends to an evening entertainment, at his Fal low Road residence, on Thursday. Mr. Pitale made a new departure on this occasion from the customary nautch dance, which proved a th orough success and was much enjoyed. A party of two professional vocalists were engaged, and sang several pieces to the accompaniment of musical instruments. Mr. Wamanrao, the son of the genial host, made a liberal distribution of chunna to shastris, haridasses, pandits, and bhiksooks, served the guests with cocoanuts, spiced milk, confections, and presented them with flowers, attar, rose-water, &c. The amusements were kept up with great animation till the early hours of the morning, when the guests took leave of their host, expressing much delight at the pleasant evening they had spent.

OVERCROWDING TRAMCARS AND PUBLIC CONVEYANCES.—At the Esplanade Police Courts yesterday, before Mr. Shewshunker Govindram, the Acting Third Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Killeen charged Mohunjee Rajmal, a victoria driver, with carrying an excess of pas sengers on the 18th inst. The driver, who was arrested whilst proceeding along the Apollo Street, with four adults and two children in his conveyance, was fined Rs. 2. The Magistrate, in referring to the way in which public conveyances are usually ov ercrowded in Bombay, remarked that it would, no doubt, be a good thing if the Commissioner of Police could see his way to put a stop to the nuisance at present prevailing in the tramcars. The cars were frequently overloaded, carrying more passengers than they were authorised to carry, which was not only a great inconvenience to general public, but a cruel practice to the tramway horses. This action on the part of the Tramway Company and the overcrowding of public conveyances was the cause of numerous accidents occurring.

THEFT BY A BUTLER.—Before Mr. Shewshunker Govindram yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Courts, a Mahomedan, named Chadar Khan, was charged by Constable Barnet, with the theft of 5 tins of butter, 8lb. of coffee, and 6 lb. of tea, valued altogether at Rs. 14-10. Captain Arthur Samuel Young, of the s. s. Nurjehan, now riding in the stream, was called, and identified the property. Early on the morning of Wednesday prisoner was arrested on the Mody Bander, where he landed with the property. On being arrested by the policeman the accused, who served as a butler, and had access to the ship's stores, said he had brought the articles from Calcutta, where he had purchased them. Captain Young informed his Worship that he had no occasion to doubt the honesty of his servant. He had, however, missed several articles belonging to the ship's stores, but had been unable to trace the thieves. The Magistrate, seeing no reason to doubt the evidence, and informing the prisoner that the enquiries consequent on the suspicions of the policeman led to the property being found to comprise part of the ship's stores, which were identified by the Captain, convicted him and sent him to jail for three weeks, with hard labour.

RAMOOSER IN TROUBLE.—At the Girgaum Police Court yesterday, two Purdasoo ramooses, named Hawideen Shewbux and Hathia Sunker, were brought up on a charge of wrongfully and illegally restraining two men, named Soma Babaji and Rama Bhicoo. On Tuesday evening, it appears, the two ramooses who are in the employment of Gooculdas Madhowji, at Gamdevie Road, arrested Soma and Rama for pulling down a branch of a mango tree overhanging the compound wall and taking some leaves. The accused, Hawideen, on seeing what was done, attacked Rama, and seizing him by the throat, dragged him into the bungalow. Rama's companion Soma followed the ramoosee into the bungalow and demanded the release of his friend, whereupon he in turn was assaulted by the two ramoosees. A police sepoy was called in, and he demanded the release of the two men, but the ramoosee refused, saying they did not recognise the sirkar. They even declined to hand over their prisoners to Inspector Greyhurst, who was sent for. He then arrested the two ramoosees for wrongfully and illegally detaining the complainants in custody. Being found guilty they were fined R

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 2 lines, Re. 1 ; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY*, will in future be PUBLISHED on SATURDAY MORNING, in consequence of the alteration of Mail Day.

WANTED PUPILS, who desire to have in six months a thorough knowledge, (both practice and theory), of German, French, or Italian. Charges moderate. Apply "H. E.," care of this Paper.

WANTED, Choir Boys, who can read. Good remuneration. Apply, personally or by letter, between twelve and one on SATURDAY, to "ZETA," care of Messrs. Thomson and Taylor, Rampart Row.

PARSEE LADIES' SINGLE EARRINGS set with finest Diamonds. Pearls and Emeralds, varying from Rs. 300 to Rs. 4,000 each.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., opposite the Clock Tower, Bombay.

ANSONIA CLOCK CO.'S new Consignment of CLOCKS in great variety suitable for Drawing, Dining and Office rooms, Travelling, &c., none can compete in Cheapness of their prices and great reduction will be allowed to wholesale purchasers. JEHANGEER C. COWASJEE Watch Maker and Jeweller, 97, Meadow Street.

HUNDREDS NAY thousands have bought all over India our Kioto Dinner Set for Rs. 16 which we now offer for Rs 14 only, secure while you can, from SHROFF BROTHERS, Bombay and Poona.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED. —Comfortable PHAETON and TONGA DAWKS from POONA to MAHABLESHWAR, also from WATHAR to MAHABLESHWAR can be obtained at reasonable rates from BURJORJEE PESHOTAN, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier in ordinary to H. E. Lord Reay, Governor of Bombay.

CHEAPEST DEPOT of SPECTACLES FOLDERS, etc. of Brazilian Pebbles, or perfect Optical Glasses fitted on best recognised method to suit the sight accurately. Special arrangements for up-country customers on application. DINSHAW, M. DUSTUR, Oculist-Optician, 93 Meadow Street, Fort, (Opposite Soundy & Co.)

AN ENGLISH LADY residing at a charming Hill Station can receive PUPILS for the HIGH SCHOOL. Terms for Board, and Tuition in French, Music, Calisthenics and dancing from Rs. 30 to 35 per month. School Fee extra. "MADAME" care of this Office.

CALIFORNIAN FRUITS in SYRUP. Peaches, Apricots, Bartlet Pears, &c. PEARSE, 7, Church Gate Street.

FOR SALE—COTTON and LEATHER BELTINGS, single 1" at 4", and double 4" at 6". Apply to the GODOWN-KEEPER, Messrs. N. P. NATHAN'S SONS, 71, Apollo Street.

LADIES visiting Bombay will find a Choice Assortment of SILKS, DRAPERY, MILLINERY and every REQUISITE for travelling in INDIA or proceeding home, at Mrs. TAYLOR'S Dressmaking and Millinery Establishment, 25, Medows Street, Bombay.

TO BE LET, at HOPE HALL, Mazagon, the residence lately occupied by Mr. Boynon. Rent Rs. 85 per month, available October 1st. Apply to R. DAVIES, Teacher and Co., Fort.

VIRGIN CORK for Artificial Rookeries, Ferneries, Rustic Flower Stands, Fern boxes, &c., &c. will arrive shortly, orders being registered.—SOUNDY & Co., Ld.

AUCTION SALE of Major Nuthall's Valuable Household Furniture, Schiedmayer's square Piano, open carriage, &c., at 18, Marine Lines, TO-DAY, at 1 p.m.

SEWING MACHINES, Flour Mills, Mining Machines, Gram Crushers, Coffee Mills, Ice Machines, Cooking Stoves, &c., &c., of various description, sizes, and capacities. GEYER & Co., Ld., Bombay.

THE new improved patent ARISTON with iron Axles and brass wheels with 12 tunes and case complete, Rs. 45 Expressly made to suit the Indian Climate.—STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

RAIPORE ORANGE PEKOE in lead-lined ½ lb packets only one Rupee per lb. packet. Trade solicited. Also Punkah Thong 3 annas per yard. Soaps, 3 annas to Rs. 1-8 per box.—BIJLEE BROTHERS, 25, Parel Road, Byculla.

[illegible] SONS' PIANOS [illegible] PIANOS in stock [illegible] specially made [illegible] Show-[illegible]

[illegible] BRICKS and FIRE CLAY for sale [illegible] JAMES H. LATIMER [illegible]

[illegible] OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY [illegible] DANIEL CRAWFORD, at Queen Street, [illegible] be had from [illegible] & Co., Bombay.

[illegible] FESTIVITIES!!! [illegible] of the [illegible] has been [illegible] and enlargement, and is [illegible] Manufacturers, Wedding [illegible] Manufacturers, Wedding [illegible] ILLUMINANS," Bombay [illegible] choicest of their kind, applicable. Need only a trial to use no other [illegible] to be had from P. N. KERRAWALLA & Co., Marine Street, Fort, Bombay.

LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL.—Open all the year Round the LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL, newly built, with every convenience of latest designs. Excellent table. Good view and westerly breeze. Apply to PROPRIETOR.

MATHERAN.—RUGBY HOTEL, Matheran, the most comfortable, central and accommodative Hotel on the Hill, will RE-OPEN, from October next. Rooms bright and airy. Terms, moderate. Apply PROPRIETORS, Poona Hotel, Poona.

LAIDLAW and WHITEAWAY 47, Esplanade, Bombay, will OPEN their ESTABLISHMENT on MONDAY, September 22nd.

A YOUNG WIDOW LADY, residing at a Winter Seaside Resort in the South of England, is anxious to receive two or three little Anglo-Indian CHILDREN in her private family to board and educate. The greatest care would be given to both moral and physical training, with every comfort of a well-appointed home. Good references. For further particulars, etc., apply "P.," care of this Office.

EXTRACTS out of numerous TESTIMONIALS of BATLIWALA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE:—Very Rev. B. Fernandes, Vicar da Vira :—It is most efficacious. E. M. Morris, Esq., Tunnel Works, Goilkora :—It is a diamond drop to a man dying with Malarious Fever. Surgeon-Major M. E. Reporter, Cannanore :—All the cases tried upon have recovered.—Send your orders to Dr. H. B. Batliwala Dadur, Bombay. May also be had at Kemp and Co., Phillips and Co., &c., at Re. 1.

MAHABLESHWAR.—TO LET, "STONE HOUSE." Well furnished, centrally situated. TO PARSEES—Re-opening of the LANGHOLM HOTEL, charges moderate. Excellent accommodation. Apply to NASSERWANJI DOSSABHOY, Colaba Sanatarium.

FOR SALE.—A BAY ARAB HORSE, been in regular use both in Harness and Saddle. Also a grey Arab Horse, quiet to ride, carries a lady. Apply to Mrs. BAFTY, Pedder Road.

RIPON HOTEL, MAHABLESHWAR.—Open from October. Most central situation. Best accommodation and first-class cuisine. Rooms facing west.

JUST RECEIVED, a choice selection of LADIES' SATIN SHOES in various Colors and the New Brown Russia Shoe for evening wear.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla, No. 6. First Class Furniture for Sale or Hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

GOLD and SILVER JEWELLERY, Lockets, Bracelets, Pins, Rings, Charms, Pen and Pencils, Brooches, &c., &c.—MORENAS and Co., General Merchants.

RANSOME'S Celebrated LAWN MOWERS, "The Automaton," "The World," "The New Paris," 10, 12, 14 and 16 inches. In Stock.—F. W. SHALLIS, Marine Street, Bombay.

FINE SCOTCH OATS.—A consignment per s.s. Hispania, just received. Apply to LUDHA EBRAIM and Co., Bellasis Road.

SERIOUS REFLECTIONS and other CONTRIBUTIONS by the late GEORGE DERIGE MACKAY under the *nom de plume*, OUR POLITICAL ORPHAN. Cloth bound. Rs. 1 : 1 Postage, 4 Annas.

"THEY HAVE NO EQUAL"

Is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasms, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability, lassitude, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dizziness of the eyes, &c., being as mild and tonic in their action as they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England, in bottles ONLY, 1s. 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with "WILLIAM LAMBERT on the Government stamp. Insist on having those and none other.

AGENTS WANTED

JEHANGIR J. CURSETJI, M.D., L.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., L.M., AURAL SURGEON. LATE CLINICAL ASSISTANT AT THE ROYAL EAR HOSPITAL, AND WEST END HOSPITAL FOR NERVOUS DISEASES, LONDON. Can be consulted for Diseases of the Ear, Nose, and Throat, and Nervous Diseases, from 3 to 5 P.M. 10, CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

RESIDENTS IN INDIA WILL FIND CEYLON An agreeable place to visit during THE HOT SEASON.

NUWARA ELIYA.—The Sanitarium is 6200 feet above Sea. And after reaching Colombo by short sea voyage, is easily approached by Rail. First Class Return Ticket Rs. 15. "THE GRAND" & CRITERION" HOTELS are charmingly situated, over-looking Lake and Mountain scenery. Furnished with every Comfort. Excellent climate, rainfall 100 Inch. W. MILSON & Co., Proprietors, Nuwara Eliya, Ceylon.

HUTCHINSON & CO., EAST INDIA MERCHANTS AND AGENTS, 25, Craven Street, Charing Cross, London. CONSIGNMENTS of PRODUCE received and disposed of. Indents executed with care and promptitude. Passages booked by all lines of Steamers. All agency business undertaken.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL. MR. N. H. GHEESTA, DENTAL SURGEON. 18 Years in Practice. No. 19, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY, OPPOSITE TO CURRENCY BANK.

NORMAL VISION.

IT is only by comparing our ACUTENESS OF SIGHT with that of others, or with some established standard, that we can estimate the extent of our deficiency, or assure ourselves that none exists. There are many who flatter themselves that their sight is excellent though it is in fact far below the normal standard, simply because they do not happen to have had any opportunity for this critical comparison.

At LAWRENCE & MAYO'S NEW RECEPTION ROOM, opposite the Floral Fountain, in Rampart Row, special facilities are provided for applying these exact comparative tests, added by an apparatus recently patented by Mr. S. Lawrence. A precise definition of the defect is essential before specially adapted Spectacles can be prepared for its correction.

Numberless unsolicited testimonials from all classes gratefully acknowledge the benefit derived from using

LAWRENCE AND MAYO'S SPECIALLY ADAPTED SPECTACLES,

All testifying in effect, "Whereas I was blind, now I see perfectly."

PATRONIZED BY ALL THE PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC SURGEONS & OCULISTS.

LAWRENCE & MAYO, OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, BOMBAY, AND LONDON.

WALERS ! WALERS !! WALERS !!!

TO ARRIVE at Bombay, the first week in November, a shipment of 300 HORSES selected by the well known importer C. G. HALLOCK, consisting of up standing carriage pairs up to 16·2 high weight carrying hacks and chargers. Also some well broken single HARNESS HORSES. As these horses are not to be submitted to the Tramway Company, purchasers will have the advantage of selecting from a lot from which the best horses have not been taken. For further information, apply to Messrs. R. SCOTT & CO., Girgaum.

REPAIR DEPARTMENT.

OUR resources in this Department have of late greatly developed, and we can execute any Orders relative to Mechanical Surveying, Drawing Mathematical, Nautical, Optical or Astronomical appliances, as Expeditiously and Cheaply as any firm in India, and we rely upon the Superior Character of our work to obtain for us a fair share of public patronage. Our European Watchmakers have all served their Apprenticeship in the First Manufactories in Europe, and have been selected and brought to India by ourselves, and cannot be surpassed for the excellence of their work. Complicated pieces, such a Repeaters, Calendar-Watches, Chronometers, &c., may be entrusted to us in the full confidence that the repair will be done in a thoroughly satisfactory manner and guaranteed.

Repairs to Jewellery, Spectacles, &c., are most carefully attended to, being under direct European Supervision.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD., BOMBAY AND POONA.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI, SURGEON DENTIST, NO. 8, HORNBY ROW, Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

TRADE "SANITAS" MARK DISINFECTANTS (FLUIDS, POWDERS, SOAPS), NON-POISONOUS, PLEASANT AND BEST. Used by more than 1,000 Boards of Health and Hospitals. Gold Medals, Calcutta 1883-84, Paris 1883, Antwerp 1885. PAMPHLET FOR USE IN INDIA ON APPLICATION. "Valuable Antiseptic and Disinfectant."—*Times*. "Safe, pleasant and useful."—*Lancet*. Of all Chemists and Stores throughout India. THE "SANITAS" COMPANY, Limited, CONTRACTORS TO H. M.'s ADMIRALTY Letchford's Buildings, Bethnal Green, London.

CLEARANCE SALE OF CRICKET BATS.

TO BE SOLD CHEAP, to close a consignment.

JOHN ROBERTS & CO., LD., 18, MARINE STREET.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY AND BOMBAY DIRECTORY FOR 1890.

Inted and Published at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE, Office.

INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5 ; with Postage, Rs. 5-4.

THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1890, contains a great deal or new and interesting information connected with the unprecedented progress made by the city in recent years.

While recording the advance that has been made in material prosperity, the Guide gives a comprehensive account of the numerous charities which are maintained by the benevolence of leading citizens of the past and present generations, and accurate and detailed descriptions of the various new public buildings which have been completed during the year.

The Directory has been carefully corrected and revised up to the day of going to Press. Valuable information has been added, and special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of commercial men and the general public.

To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Albert Buildings, Esplanade, Fort.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY, No. 7, MARINE STREET.

SALE OF DAMAGED COTTON AT THE QUEEN MILL.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 20th instant, at 2 p.m., under instructions from the Secretary Bombay Association of Fire Insurance Agents, and for account of the concerned. A quantity of loose cotton damaged by fire and water lying in the compound of the Queen Mill, Delisle Road Parel.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, 20th September, 1890.

BENNETT AND COMPANY, No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

NOTICE.

AUCTION SALE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE GORDON SPINNING & MANUFACTURING CO., LD.

Under instructions from the Directors of the Gordon Spinning & Manufacturing Co., Ld. Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will on WEDNESDAY, the 8th October, 1890, at 3 p.m., sell by Public Auction, at the Mill premises, at Mahaluxmee, the property of the above named Company in one lot consisting of two pieces of household land together admeasuring about 70,938 square yards, of which one piece admeasuring about 47,365 square yards, will be sold subject to a monthly rent of Rs. 500, and the admeasuring about 23,943 square yards to a monthly rent of Rs. 100, with the reservoirs and all the buildings (remaining undestroyed from the late fire) standing thereon together with the New and Old Engines, the new and old Boilers and the blow-room machinery and reels and tools in the mechanic shop, &c.

Full particulars of the above property together with the condition of sale can be obtained at the office of the Agents, No. 6, Hornby Road, or at the office of Messrs Craigie, Lynch and Owen, Solicitors or at the rooms of the undersigned auctioneers.

Inspection of the property can be had on application to the Agents or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.,

Bombay, 20th September, 1890.

MESSRS. SHERIFF SON & COMPANY, 23, APOLLO STREET.

Messrs. SHERIFF, SON & Co., will hold their Bi-Weekly Sale of household furniture and miscellaneous articles at their Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 20th Instant, at 2 p.m., which will also include a large cooking stove or kitchener, a very large-sized iron safe or treasury, sewing machine, some splendid musical boxes, and perfumery comprising scents, lavender water, kanagra water, and several varieties of soap.

On account and risk of Rahemootoola Motan. 2 cases black velvet ex s.s. Persia.

SHERIFF, SON & Co.,

Bombay, 20th, September 1890.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steam-ship Arab, 2,722 tons, Captain S C Newey, sailed yesterday for Calcutta in ballast.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Arabia, 674 tons, Captain G F Simpson, will sail to-day for Karachi via Kathyawar Coast with a general cargo and 65 deck passengers.

THE Asiatic S N Co's steam-ship Nurjahan, 1,936 tons, Captain A S Young, will sail to-day for Calcutta via coast ports with a general cargo and three deck passengers.

THE steam-ship City of Dundee, 2,612 tons, Captain E Halley, arrived in harbour yesterday morning from Glasgow with a general cargo. The vessel is consigned to Messrs Sir Charles Forbes and Co.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Kilwa, 993 tons, Captain S Buon, arrived in harbour yesterday from the Persian Gulf via Karachi, with a general cargo, 95 cases opium, 53 horses, and the following passengers :—Mrs Spencer and infant, Mr. E Dinshaw, Mr Wynn, Master Wynn, and 116 deck passengers.

THE following is the list of passengers per P&O steamer Po, Captain G. Aufosso, which arrived in harbour yesterday from Genoa :—Mr. P. W. Bickel, Mr. Klein Joseph, Mr. Ch. Haas, Mr. Alex Brown, Mr. R. B. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. Kilian Euler, Mr. S. A. Incam, Mr. B. Schumacher, Mr. V. Battista, Mr. K. Patrolonji, Mr. S. A. Iman, Major Norman, Revd. Father De Monte, and Mr. Lossaso. From Aden.—22 deck passengers.

THE Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's S. N. Co's steamship Imperator, 2,441 tons, Captain C Bechtinger, arrived in harbour yesterday morning from Trieste, with a general cargo, and the following passengers :—Mr. Hauser, Mr. A Durst, Mr. and Mrs. A Wilts, Mr. and Mrs. Forrants, Mr. T A Nochousy and sons, Mrs. Links and son, Mr. and Mrs. Novalkal, Mr. Lindisch, Mr. Schaner, Miss E Steiner, Mrs. Leighamoler, and 20 Europeans and 15 Native deck passengers.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—SEPTEMBER 19.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Ebro	1591	Elliott	A	F Muir & Co
" C. Maclean	1496	Roberts	B	F Muir & Co.
" Ormesby	1826	Peterson	K	J Mackintosh & Co.
" Deccan	2022	Bray	M	H Cassum & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

" Neora	Nacoda	Shepherd & Co.
" Kaveri	Nacoda	Do.

VICTORIA DOCK.

			No.	
S.S. Hispania	2213	Abrey	2	W & A Graham & Co
" Thibet	1671	Brown	5	P & O S N Co.
" Mary Boyts	2343	Mathias	6	Boyts Craig & Co.
" Elektra	2095	Mahorcich	11	A-H Lloyd's S N Co.
" Eden Hall	2273	Jones	13	E Bates & Co

ARRIVALS.

Sept.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
19	Imperator (s)	Bechtinger	Trieste, Sept 3.
	Po (s)	Aufosso	Genoa, Sept 1.
	City of Dundee (s)	Halley	Glasgow, Aug 16.
	Kilwa (s)	Boon	Busreh, Sept 5.

DEPARTURES.

Sept.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
19	Henry Bolckow (s)	McAdam	Persian Gulf.
	Arab (s)	Newey	Calcutta.
	Siam (s)	Weigholt	Aden.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday :—

Steamer Arabia, Simpson, for K. Coast and Karachi.
" Nurjahan, Young, for Calcutta via Coast ports.

CALCUTTA.

Sept. ARRIVALS.
15 Manydown, ship ..Callandor.....New York, May 31.
Ardencraig, ship ..Hampshire....New York, June 1.

DEPARTURES.
Sept. 15.—Mogna, Canara and Calliope.

MADRAS.

Sept. ARRIVALS.
17 Nawab s .....Simpson.....Bombay.
Siras .....Rangoon.

Sept. DEPARTURES.
16 Mecca s .....Bombay.
India s .....Calcutta.

KARACHI.

Sept. ARRIVALS.
9 Arabia s .....Simpson.....Persian Gulf.
10 Parbuttee s .....Hall.....Bombay.
12 Lahurimommis s .....Schmitz.....Bombay.
13 Kaporthala s .....Turner.....Bombay via Kattiwar Coast.
15 Kilwa s .....Boon.....Persian Gulf.

DEPARTURES.
8 Ebro s .....Elliot.....Bombay.
10 Arabia s .....Simpson.....Bombay.
10 Horsa s .....Campbell.....London.
10 Pemba s .....Hogstowe.....Persian Gulf.
10 Nubia s .....Knox.....Liverpool.
11 Rufford Hall s .....Millard.....Liverpool.
12 Lowerdonside s .....Schmitz.....Aden.
13 Kaporthala s .....Turner.....Bombay via Cutch Coast.
13 Kl. Commander s .....Thomas.....Liverpool.

VESSELS IN HARBOUR.
Steamer Kilwa, Boon, Melver, Mackenzie and Co., for Bombay.

DAILY IMPORTS—SEPTEMBER 19.

FROM LIVERPOOL.
Eden Hall s—50 cases soap, A Tyabally.
Peveril s—40 boxes bar soap, S Rahimbhoy.

FROM GLASGOW.
Clan Maclean s—6 bales papers, S Budroodin ; 100 cases school slates, E Dawoodbhoy ; 45 cases whisky, Sorabjee Cowasjee ; 20 cases whisky, Geo Gohagan and Co ; 30 cases whisky, Volkart Brothers.
Clan Graham s—1 hogshead whisky, Cutler, Palmer and Co.
Hispania s—200 cases whisky, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.

FROM LONDON.
Rohilla s—6 cases provision, Ardeshir Dunjeebhoy ; 3 cases medicine, Rogers and Co ; 4 cases confectionery, A H Dawoodbhoy.
Eden Hall s—10 cases wine, Phipson and Co.

FROM CHARENTE.
Rohilla s—100 cases brandy, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee ; 100 cases brandy, Jamsetjee Framjee.

FROM HULL.
Ebro s—23 bales brown paper, A A Rahim and Co ; 25 drums linseed oil, T Abdool Caders ; 50 drums linseed oil, A Sumsoodin ; 50 cases matches, A M Hassanally ; 25 drums linseed oil, H E Soares and Co ; 50 drums linseed oil, R M Cheesgar and Co ; 486 plates spelter, Owen and Okell ; 100 kegs sulphate of copper and 100 barrels tar, Ismaljee Allibhoy.

FROM ANTWERP.
Henzada s—1 hogshead brandy, R Ramchuandra and Co.

DAILY EXPORTS.—SEPTEMBER 19.

FOR LIVERPOOL.
Eden Hall s—6,000 cwts linseed, Finlay, Muir and Co ; 90 bales wool, C Nanjee ; 4,018 cwts linseed and 3,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Brothers ; 100 tons linseed oil coke, Thos H Moore and Co.
Hispania s—18½ cwts Indian condiments, and 10 cwts curry powder, R D Subedar ; 91 bales wool, Jadhowjee Khimjee ; 2 bales silk waste, A Blaschock and Co ; 55 bales wool, K Khoosal.

FOR LONDON.
Siam s—47 cwts ivory, A Abdoola ; 3⅞ cwts ivory, A Lillany ; 2⅞ cwts ivory, M Goolammamed ; 11½ cwts ivory, N Javerchund.

FOR DUNKIRK.
Ormesby s—1,109½ cwts rapeseed, F Hurst ; 600 cwts mustarseed, Volkart Brothers ; 2,000 cwts linseed, John Fachiri.

FOR HULL.
Ebro s—4,860 cwts wheat, John Fachiri ; 1,400 cwts wheat, E D Sassoon and Co ; 1,900 cwts wheat, H Govindjee ; 1,552½ cwts linseed, Tod Durant and Co ; 200 cwts wheat, John L Korsten.

FOR HAVRE.
Ormesby s—1,999½ cwts linseed, Ernsthausen and Co ; 10 bales pachouli leaves, Cowasjee Brothers.

FOR MARSEILLES.
Hispania s—15 cwts tilseed, Ralli Brothers ; 18 cases garnet stone, C Maganlal.

FOR HONGKONG.
Thibet s—187½ cwts shellacine, C Ebram ; 29 cases Indian oilmenstore, R Bhicajee and Sons ; 31 bales twist, Tata and Co ; 200 bales twists, E Noordin and Co ; 124 bales twists, E L Moolchand ; 250 bales twist, N J Abram ; 140 bales twists, David Sassoon and Co ; 50 bales twist, D J Mooljee and Co ; 75 bales twists, John Fleming and Co ; 45 cwts kismiss and 75 cwts jardalloo, Quan Lun Eaoo.

FOR SHANGHAI.
Thibet s—3 bales twist, C Ebram ; 50 bales twist, Hajee C Joosub ; 75 bales twist, Tata and Co ; 50 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co ; 25 bales twist, The Bombay U S and W Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.
Thibet s—50 bales twist, Finlay, Muir and Co ; 250 bales twist, Dinshaw D Currance and Co.

FOR KOBE.
Thibet s—100 bales twist, The Anglo-Indian S and M. Co ; 322 bales twist, Thos G Hill and Co ; 200 bales wist, Finlay, Muir and Co ; 350 bales twist, Dinhaw D Currance and Co ; 160 bales twist, David ass oon and Co.

KARACHI EXPORTS AND IMPORTS.
(From September 9 to September 15.)

IMPORTS.
S s Lockaley Hall, (Liverpool via Bombay)—250 pieces grey goods, 630 pieces white goods, 1,633 pieces prints and 9,500 lbs grey yarns.
S s Peveril, (Liverpool)—479 pieces prints.
S s Ursa, (Aden)—60 tons coals.
S s Rufford Hall, (Liverpool via Bombay)—55,465 pieces grey goods, 13,955 pieces white goods, 15,040 pieces prints, 50,500 lbs. grey yarns, 13,840 Turkey red and dyed yarns, 362 cwts iron bars, &c, and 50 tons coals.
S s Nubia (Bombay)—100 tons coals.
S s Ebro (Hull)—388 cwts iron bars.
S s Karagola, (Bombay)—32,845 pieces grey goods, 12,475 pieces white goods, 6,836 pieces prints, 12,975 lbs. grey yarns, 9,020 lbs Turkey red and dyed yarns, 30 cwts copper and 5 cwts yellow metal.

EXPORTS.
S s Karagola, (Bombay)—7,171 cwts wheat, 293 cwts barley, 760 corges skins, and 87 cwts cotton unpressed.
S s Huzara, (Bombay)—2,070 cwts rapeseed, &c., 8,437 cwts wheat, 147 cwts barley, 7,260 lbs. tea, 550 cwts cotton unpressed, and 63 cwts wool unpressed.
S s Kistna, (Bombay)—3,135 cwts wheat and 200 cwts cotton unpressed.
S s Lockaley Hall, (Liverpool and Marseilles)—318 bales cotton, 1,821 bales wool, 17,161 cwts rapeseed, &c, 80, 536 cwts wheat, 110 corges skins, and 206 corges hides.
Country crafts. (Bombay)—330 cwts rapeseed, 3,737 cwts wheat, 12 cwts rice, 111 cwts barley, 549 cwts cotton unpressed, and 912 cwts wool unpressed.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

FRIDAY EVENING, SEPT. 19.

THE price of Bar Silver was ½d. per oz. lower in London yesterday at 53 7-16d ; and Rupee Securities were down ¼ per cent. in each denomination, at £88, and £90½, respectively. The last quotation for the metal from New York was Wednesday's at 110 cents, with Demand Exchange on London at 4·84, and the latter has since advanced half a cent. Consols were unchanged at 95½ ; and Indian Sterling Loan at 107⅛. French Rentes in Paris were ¼ per cent. lower, at 94 *ex-coupon* ; Exchange on London was unaltered at fcs. 25·27. The London Exchange Banks' buying rate on India, at 30 days' sight, was unchanged at 1s. 8¼d.

The Bank of England weekly Returns show a diminution in the Bank's Reserve of one per cent. since the previous Wednesday, making it stand at 44 per cent. The Liabilities. The Bank rate remained at 4 per cent., which had also become the rate of discount on short London Bills and 6 months' sight Indian Bank Paper, money having gradually become less easy in the open market last week About £200,000 in Gold was withdrawn from the Bank yesterday, making £400,000 taken in the same direction this week. The weekly shipments of Specie consisted of only £20,000 in Silver and a like amount in Gold for this Port.

In General Produce Bombay Linseed was 6d. lower both at the spot and to arrive at 46s. 6d. and 46s. respectively, per quarter, ex-quay. The periodical Skin Sales opened in London on the 15th inst., with 830,000 Goat and 660,000 Sheep Skins put forward. The Goat Skin Sales commenced on Monday, with Bombay skins firm at an advance of ¼d. to ½d. per lb, and closed on Wednesday with a firm feeling and prices 1d. higher, 800,000 skins having found buyers. The Sheep skin sales opened yesterday, with a firm tone, and prices generally ½d. per lb. higher. Light Madras skins were firm at an advance of ¼d. to 1d. per lb.; and heavy Madras skins were in fair demand.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed steady last evening ; Surats firm ; the day's sales having aggregated 10,000 bales including 1,500 East Indian. The price of spot Mid.-Uplands remained at 5 13-16d. and Surats were unchanged in value ; but American Arrivals were 1-32d., lower for the nearer deliveries and 1-64d. for the more distant at 5 43-64d. for September and 5 35-64d. for January-February. The day's Imports were 5,000 bales. The Manchester Market was steady.

In New York, the price of spot Mid.-Uplands was 1-16 cent. lower, at 10 9-16 ; and September Futures were four points down, at 10·33 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 27,000 bales, and the figures since the new season opened give the following comparison with those of the two preceding years :—

	1890.	1889.	1888.
Thursday's Receipts.	27,000	22,000	15,500
Five days' do	146,000	113,000	71,800
Since 1st September.	347,000	258,000	156,600

Locally, the staple has been as dull it was before the holidays, and a very small business has transpired to-day, only 500 bales having changed hands, consisting in about equal quantities of Oojein, at Rs. 165 ; Akola Ginned, at Rs. 176 ; Westerns, at Rs. 170 ; and Land Ginned, at Rs. 183 per candy. Prices are quoted as before.

WHEAT shows no improvement, the feeling in the market being still dull, and business most restricted ; but dealers make no change in their quotations.

SEEDS have been neglected to a great extent by shippers, and little fresh business has been done to-day. The tone of the market keeps quiet and prices are unchanged.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows :—

Cotton	134 bales.
Wheat	2,210 cwt.
Linseed	2,963 "
Castor Seed	3,329 "

FREIGHTS are steady, but with very little demand. The Lancashire (s) has been taken up, for late October loading, at 15s. 6d. per ton for one port, with various options of more ports at a corresponding increase in the rate.

EXCHANGE re-opened this morning after the holidays with a weak feeling, and rapidly declined to our quotations, at which the market closed steady. Transactions were reported early in the day in Bank Demand, for January-February delivery, at 1s. 8¾d. and later, between Banks, at 1s. 8 5-16d. for the mail, and some Telegraphic, also between Banks, was done at 1s. 8 11-16d. for January transfer ; but Private Bills have been very scarce. We quote ready rates at closing :—

Bank Bills on Demand	1s. 8 5-16d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 8¼d.	"
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 8 7-16d.	"
Credits 3 month's sight	1s. 8¾d.	"
Francs 3 months' sight	2·17½	"

GOVERNMENT PAPER also re-opened weak in tone, and rates for Four per cents. have given way a little, our closing quotations being 103 1-16 for cash ; 102⅝ for the coming settlement ; and 102 11-16 for the October account, but little has been done to test the market in any position. 105 is still quoted nominally for 4½ per cents.

SHARES have been quiet but we have few alterations to note in Cotton Mill scrips say a decline of Rs. 10 each on Bombay United, Luckmidas, and Star of India ; and of Rs. 7½ in Manockji Petit ; and an advance of Rs. 10 in Western India at our quotations.

DIVINE SERVICES.

(SIXTEENTH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY, SEPT. 21.)

ST. THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion—(Choral.)—Hymns 432, 322 and 299.
4-45 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon by the Revd. H. Rountree—Hymns—430, 441, and 231.
Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis.
Daily Matins at 6-45 a.m. and Evensong at 5 p.m.
Thursday—Celebration at 7-15 a.m.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH, MALABAR HILL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins and Holy Communion.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

9 a.m.—B. and C. I. Railway Institute, Parel.
6 p.m.—St. Andrew's Church, Fort.
Hymns 132, 198, and 178, Part 2 and 211, 1st tune.

ST. NICHOLAS' CHURCH.

7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST, COLABA. (Afghan Memorial Church.)

7 a.m.—Choral, Matins and Sermon, (Parade Service.)
—Hymns—447, 263 and 439.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
6 p.m.—Processional.—Hymns 432 (Choral Evensong) and Sermon—Hymns 434, 420 and 439, Processional 441.

INDO-BRITISH INSTITUTION, ESPLANADE. (FOR HOLY TRINITY CHURCH.)

7-45 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Communion and Sermon.—Hymns 242, 169 and 193.
5 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 219, 436 and 231.
The offertories for Church expenses and poor relief.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.

6-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion (Choral) ; Sermon by Rev. F. Biscoe.
10 a.m.—Children (Choral), and Matins, by Rev. F. Biscoe.
6 p.m.—Evensong (Choral) ; Sermon by Rev. F. Gardner.
Daily 6-30 and 7 a.m. and 8 p.m. (Choral).
Alms for General Expenses.

ST. STEPHEN'S CHURCH, BANDORA.

Matins, Celebration, and Sermon, 10-45 a.m. (local time).

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.

7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
11 a.m.—Morning Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 20 and 420.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 298, 445 and 232.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH PAREL.

7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
8 a.m.—Matins and Sermon.
5 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, KAMATIPURA.

6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns—268, 240 and 259.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

11 a.m.—Morning Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 512 98 and 115.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer Sermon and Holy Communion.—Hymns 118, 116 and 101.

BOMBAY YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

Service will be held on board the s. s. "Mary Boyts" in the Victoria Dock, on Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. Captain, Officers, Engineers Seamen, and others are cordially invited. The Bethel Flag will be hoisted. Come and bring your friends.

WESLEYAN METHODIST CHURCH. Colaba Causeway.

Programme of meeting during Rev. Martinier's visit. Prayer Meetings.
THURSDAY—25th Sept. 1890 8. p.m.—Colaba.
Renewal of Quarterly Tickets.
FRIDAY—26th Sept. 7·30 p. m.—Byculla for Europeans and Natives.
SATURDAY—27th Sept. 8. p.m.—Colaba for Europeans and Natives.

TELEGRAMS.

[CENTRAL NEWS TELEGRAMS.]

SLAVE-DHOW CAPTURED AT ZANZIBAR.

ZANZIBAR, SEPT. 18.

A slave-dhow was captured off Zanzibar to-day.

The master of the dhow was killed while offering resistance. The crew escaped.

Fifty slaves were found on board and liberated.

LOSS OF THE FRIGATE ERTOGROUL.

FIVE HUNDRED HANDS DROWNED.

LONDON, SEPT. 19.

The Turkish Frigate Ertogroul has foundered in the Pacific.

Her crew of five hundred hands, including Osman Pasha of Plevna fame who was on board, were drowned.

[The Ertogroul was the vessel which called in Bombay about a year while on her voyage to China for the purpose of conveying a Turkish decoration for the Mikado of Japan. The vessel, it will be remembered, had a singularly unfortunate voyage, being detained for a prolonged period at Singapore owing to want of coals and powder.]

OBITUARY.

Mr. Dion Boucicault, the eminent dramatist, who had been in failing health for a long time, died to-day.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS].

POLITICAL EXCITEMENT AT LISBON.

FRICTION BETWEEN POLICE AND PEOPLE.

LONDON, SEPT. 18.

It is reported that a serious fighting has taken place at Lisbon between the police and the people, and that a state of siege has been proclaimed.

LATER.

Political excitement here is intense and has been greatly heightened by the collision that has taken place between the police and the people.

The troops were called in to support the police and fired on the mob, injuring several of them.

LATEST.

Order has now been restored.

THE SLAVERY QUESTIONS.

ZANZIBAR, SEPT. 18.

A German official here denies the issue of a decree by the Germans authorising slavery at Bagamoyo.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATION.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 19.

Finance Department.—Mr. B. Urbridge officiated in Class IV. on the enrolled list in August, and Mr. Crawley reverted to the same Class.

Public Works Department.—Mr. Hutchinson Assistant Superintendent of Telegraphs, Bombay, has been promoted temporarily to Superintendent, third grade, Mr. R. W. Adams reverting to Assistant Superintendent, Class V.

Military Department.—Captain Thomson, 4th Goorkhas, has been granted leave of absence for one year; and Lieutenant Gough, Bengal Cavalry, and Surgeon-Major Johnston, Bengal Infantry, have been granted extension of leave.

Lieutenant-Colonel Mosley, Punjab Frontier Force, has been permitted to retire from the service.

Captain Jennings, Engineers, has been appointed Executive Engineer, Third Grade.

Military Works Department.—The following permanent promotions have been gazetted:—Lieutenants Cartwright, Picton, Jones, Harrison, and Thuillier to be Assistant Engineers, First Grade; Lieutenants Swiney, Duff, Home, Leslie, and Winslow to Assistant Engineers, Second Grade; Major Grant to Executive Engineer, First Grade; Captain Geoffry Porter, to Executive Engineer, Second Grade; Captains R. F. Allen and J. Dallas, to Executive Engineers, Third Grade; and Captains W. Hilliard and F. Peel, to Executive Engineers, Fourth Grade.

Mr. W. Brazier, First Grade, Indian Marine, has been placed on the retired list.

Foreign Department.—Major Vincent 1st regiment, Central India Horse, officiates as Political Agent, Western Malwa.

THE INSANITARY CONDITION OF MADRAS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, SEPT. 19.

This evening's meeting at the Town Hall was attended by a representative assembly of between two and three thousand persons, including members of the Board of Revenue, several Municipal Commissioners, lawyers, merchants, tradesmen, and all classes.

The Rev. Dr. Miller, who presided, alluded in earnest terms to the grave condition of affairs, as the death-rate was far above that of almost any other place in the civilised world. The blame, he said, should be placed upon the ratepayers as well as others. There had been 300 or 400 deaths weekly from diseases, which it was well-known they could largely alleviate, if not altogether remove, the mortality from preventible causes in this city. In one week it had been greater than at the battle of Alma. This mortality was only an outer sign of a fearful amount of sickness. The meeting now held was called to strengthen the hands of Municipal officers rather than hamper or blame them. The meeting, he thought, would not wish to cast any slur upon self-government, for even in the birth place of municipalities some special means had been taken to meet special difficulties and dangers.

The Honble J. A. Boyson then proposed that, having regard to the existing or recent cholera epidemic, the generally insanitary condition of the city, and the unusual mortality prevailing lately prevalent in it, the Governor-in-Council be respectfully asked, firstly, to appoint a special sanitary officer or committee, under section 41 of the City Madras Municipal Act, for the purpose of investigating causes of such epidemic and mortality, and advising the commissioners and the Governor-in-Council as to the measures to be taken for the removal or abatement thereof; and secondly, to allot, out of provincial funds, such moneys as may be necessary for improving the general sanitary condition of the city. He said the Municipality had no funds for the necessary work and the only alternative was to go to Government for funds as there was now a balance of 70 or 80 lakhs available for provincial purposes. This time was therefore a good one to apply for financial assistance.

The Rev. Father Meyer seconded, and it was carried unanimously.

Mr. Emery moved and Mr. Balaji Row Sahib, a Municipal Commissioner, seconded that, for the purpose of giving effect to the first resolution, the following gentlemen be invited to form themselves into a committee and take all necessary steps therewith. (Then follows names of 48 citizens to this list.) Several more native names were added by an amendment. The resolution was carried.

Mr. Kales, a merchant, proposed, and Professor Ranganada Mudaliar seconded, a vote of thanks to the chairman.

THE LUSHAI EXPEDITION.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, SEPT. 19.

The 39th Bengal Infantry at Jhansi has been ordered to be in readiness for the expedition to Lushai at the beginning of the cold weather.

STATION STAFF OFFICERS.

Orders will be issued shortly that Station Staff Officers of the first class will hold their appointments for five years, being second in their regiments during that time.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL GALBRAITH.

Brigadier-General Galbraith takes two month's more leave, joining his appointment as Adjutant-General at the end of November.

THE MAILS.

SUEZ, SEPT. 18.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Ballaarat, with the outward English Mails of the 12th instant, left here for Bombay at 9 p.m. to-day.

ADEN, SEPT. 18.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Malwa, with the homeward Indian Mails of the 12th instant, arrived here at 7 p.m. to-day.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, SEPT. 18.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady. Surats firm.

The Manchester Market has been steady.

Good Dhollera	4¼d.
7 lbs. Shirtings	5s. 7¼d.
8¼ „ „	6s. 10¼d.
40s Mule Twist	10d.
Exchange on India, 20 days' sight.	1s. 8¼d.
2½ per cent. Consols for account...	95⅛
3 per cent. French Rentes	94 ex coupon.
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	88
4½ per cent. „	90½
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	107¼
Bar Silver	53 7-16d. per oz.

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—Total bullion, £21,700,000, decrease, £500,000; public deposits, £3,100,000, increase £400,000; other deposits, £27,800,000, unchanged; other securities, £23,300,000, increase, £400,000; notes and gold, £13,700,000, decrease £300,000. The Bank's reserve is 44 per cent of the Liabilities.

VANITY FAIR.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

DUBLIN, AUGUST 28.

In the very dim and distant long ago, when the *Bombay Gazette* was a tiny toddler in the world of journals, and many of its most eminent readers were not dreamt of in any one's philosophy, there used to stand in a prominent place in most country-house entrance-halls a weather indicator of a charmingly primitive character. It was a gabled cottage, sparkling with granite chippings, and gay with the diminutive flowers of the golden yellow everlasting, and through its doorway peeped out at times a little man or woman—never both together. When the sun shone, the housewife wobbled gently to and fro in front. Then, when the weather changed and the rain began to fall, out came the man to brave the elements. But it was not incompatibility of temper that kept these two little people apart; it was something more tangible: it was a piece of strong india-rubber which in fine weather restrained the mannikin within bounds and permitted his wife to step out among her make-believe roses. The little man and woman are typical of London and Dublin. Sometimes one, and sometimes the other, is to the fore, according as the sensitive mechanism of fashion is affected by the social atmosphere.

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London is deserted this week, and Dublin is showing herself off in the sunshine. At Leopards-town races on Saturday, every one in Ireland who knows a chestnut horse from a horse chestnut (and there are very few in the Green Isle who are too young to make the distinction), assembled on the pretty course which boasts of possessing the most charming mountain views, as well as a perfect command of every inch of its own territory. Bray Head and the Sugar Loaf bound it on the one side, while on the other it is sheltered by the pretty range of hills which courtesy has magnified into the Dublin mountains. Even to an outsider the racing was very exciting, and except for a short delay in the start for the St. George's Nursery Handicap, everything was carried out to such perfection that there was no time to lose interest. The Midsummer Two-year-old Plate of 200 sovereigns was won by Mr. J. Alexander's Niblick, ridden by Mr. Beasley; the Club Handicap Flat Race of 150 sovereigns, by Colonel Thompson's Blair Hope, Foster being the rider; the St. George's Nursery Stakes, 150 sovereigns, by Mr. G. Moore's Irena, who was splendidly handled by Mr. O. Barrett; the Optional Selling Hunter's Flat Race, by Captain J. Orr-Ewings' Finbarr; and the Mile Selling Welter Race, by Mr. R. Wyse's Gipsy Queen.

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In the intervals between the races, the enclosures became quite brilliant with the gay costumes of the ladies, who had reason to congratulate themselves on the very fair weather vouchsafed them for the meeting. Among the promenaders there were a few startling gowns. The Hon. Mrs. Brown appeared in scarlet, and another stylish-looking woman wore a complete suit of crimson; while a third had bright blue and silver. Lady Talbot Power's dress of grey, trimmed with a darker shade in grey velvet, was very becoming. Mrs. Armitage Moore was in brown; and there were several very smartly got-up women in black. But the most seasonable and suitable dresses were the tailor-made grey homespuns which are manufactured now in very light fine textures to suit the variable Irish climate. They were made with smart tight-fitting vests of grey poplin, which showed the high linen collar and sporting-looking spotted-tie fastened with a horseshoe or other horsey device in pins. Grey poplin hats, a compromise between the jockey or the travelling cap and the usual lady's toque were very much worn, and looked smart and workmanlike. I saw them afterwards in the window of Atkinson's poplin warehouse, price only 4s. 6d., and I thought them quite wonderful bargains for any one whom they would suit. As a rule there is a little recklessness in the Irish woman's choice of headgear, the sailor-hat, which is fatal to nard middle age, being affected by every one indiscriminately from the toddling three-years-old who could wear anything with impunity, to the forty-three-year-old whose over-plumpness or meagreness gives less scope for variety.

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The gathering in Dublin for the races and the Horse Show has given impetus to the shopowners to make an effort to rival their brethren across the Channel; and the show of autumn tweeds, poplins, and home manufactures of all kinds, was quite dazzling. A brocaded turquoise blue poplin gown, trimmed with exquisite modern Irish point, was going to swell the trousseau of an American bride, and another dress of moss green poplin, over a jupe of faint primrose poplin, brocaded with a shamrock, was in hands for the American bride's mother. Gentlemen are enticed to support Irish manufactures by buying poplin scarves in very fascinating shades and either of the plain material or with a sprinkling of shamrock. I saw some tartan scarves also; but it should be some very daring individual, some patriot from the Highlands, who would take kindly to such vivid coloring. In wraps and rugs there is nothing nicer, but neither loyalty nor patriotism should induce a person to distinguish or extinguish himself by wearing a Fife, McKenzie, or McGregor necktie. But clothing, except on the first day at Leopards-town, has been quite under a cloud,—a macintosh cloud—for never has the Irish society had more unpropitious weather for the Horse Show. We have been used to hearing of the tear and the smile in Erin's eye, but this week's experience makes us wonder if Erin is not running recklessly through her dowry of tears, and will not in the coming by-and-bye be sold up as a bankrupt.

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Never were the Society's grounds in such a deplorable plight, and it was quite an undertaking in spite of a plentiful supply of gravel to pick one's step round the enclosures to the Grand Stand. At three o'clock the Viceregal party arrived, and were greeted with as much enthusiasm as usual by the public. Lord Zetland has the reputation of more style in his turn-out than his predecessors. His horses are splendid; and his carriages of a pale olive with red morocco linings, made a very pretty show when the occupant's costumes were not too crude a contrast to them. Lady Zetland looked very well in a bonnet with autumnal foliage and a mantle of fawn cloth embroidered in bronze bead and braid work. The Countess of Enniskillen was in black with a trimming of black jet and a tiny black jet bonnet to correspond. Lady Hilda Dundas concealed her charms—or her dressmaker's art—under a waterproof, while Lady Kilmarnock exhibited a very elegant dark heliotrope costume with lavender silk sleeves and a hat trimmed with black heliotrope feathers. Mrs. Standish Rowley was one of the few who braved the weather in a summer costume of navy and pale blue, with a white cloth jacket and blue flowered trimmed toque. The Band of the Rifles played very delightfully for about an hour, but even soldiers eventually succumb to the treachery of the Irish climate; so they retired while the route was practicable—later on a bridge of boats would have had to be constructed to enable them to reach *terra firma*.

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The Exhibition galleries were more carefully examined than usual in consequence of the very unfavorable weather. There were various novelties to be seen—the latest inventions in stable appliances, in conveniences for carriages, and in everything relating to the farm-yard. The show of lace was more attractive than usual, but the judges were disappointed in the crochet exhibit, which they consider ought to be more carefully cultivated, as it is the speciality in which Ireland need fear no foreign competition. In wood-carving there were some pretty things shown, and Mrs. Power Lalor's stall of work was attractively furnished. On Friday the Lord Lieutenant will preside at a function of another kind, the opening of the New Museum and National Library in Kildare Street, Mr. William Archer, the librarian, is entitled to the credit of having invented the admirable plan on which the books in the National Library are arranged. By this plan the books are brought within a ring fence, shelved on lateral wings, or standing presses about three feet apart, and easily accessible without any ladders. The economy of space is so great that within an area, not larger than the reading-room of the British Museum, he has accommodated 660,000 volumes, or about two-fifths of the number of volumes contained in that institution. The presses are arranged in tiers, and are reached by ordinary stairs, not spiral ones, and the books are within easy reach of the reader's arm. Books of reference and encyclopædias are put in a separate place where they can be easily found without disturbing the library, but all other cognate books are kept together, so that no time is lost in consulting catalogues.

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On Saturday an event of less public, though perhaps more intrinsic, interest will take place in Monkstown Church, where the famous Dublin beauty, Miss Grace Oldham, will be married to Mr. Bratt, an Englishman, who made her acquaintance under romantic circumstances last year. Miss Grace Oldham's photograph was one among several beautiful pictures exhibited by Lafayette, the Dublin photographic artist, at the Paris Exposition. There Mr. Bratt came, saw, and was conquered by the attractions of M. Lafayette's fascinating portrait, and having discovered the name and address of the original, he came to Ireland, was introduced, and everything being satisfactory, the third volume of this strange true story will be completed on Saturday. Miss Grace Oldham is a niece of Mr. Charles Oldham, Secretary of that interesting fraternity, the members of the Cosmopolitan Club, Grafton Street.

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The Royal Hospital, Kilmainham, was the scene of a very grand farewell party last night, in which most of the military and a large number of the civilians took an active share. It was held in compliment to Prince Edward of Saxe-Weimer, whose period of office as Commander of the Forces in Ireland is just about to terminate. The Prince and Princess have been very popular, and the party was unusually interesting and enthusiastic. The squadron of the 4th Hussars went through various exercises and marched-past the Prince by torchlight, making a most striking effect. The united bands of the garrison then came to the front and played Auld Lang Syne, while the pensioners paraded with Chinese lanterns.

CASUAL LETTERS FROM ARAMPUR.

THE ARAMPUR WEEK:

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ARAMPUR, SEPT. 17.

I suppose I must make an effort, though I vow it is much against the grain, to give the world some glimmering idea of our doings during the Arampur week. There is something so commonplace, so stereotyped about an up-country week, that in spite of our perhaps unique qualifications as "weekers" it deprives the subject of almost all peculiar interest. I explained this feeling to the clamorous populace of Arampur. I pleaded it as an excuse for my silence. "Better, my dear friends," I urged persuasively, "better far drop the veil over that recent carnival, and endeavour to forget that we ever so far deviated from the paths of order and decorum and routine." But no, 'twas no use. Everyone who had won an event of any sort, from a tennis tournament to an eight-anna ticket in a sweep, imperiously demanded that his or her great deeds should not want a respectable and appreciative chronicler, while the rest of the community were for having me explain at great length, and not without acerbity, how it came to pass that they had been defeated.

At about 11-30 a.m. on the morning after the week terminated I happened in at the Mess, and drawing Nimrod out by the legs from under the billiard-table (a resting-place he has recently selected in preference to the roller, because, as he observed, it is more roomy and less public), I enquired with much solicitude what ailed him, and whether he could supply me with the scores of the cricket match. He opened a pair of drowsy remonstrating eyes, and murmuring, "'Tis better to have weeked and woke than never to have wun-wunked at all." He was almost instantly fast asleep again. I mention this incident merely because it is in some degree typical of the condition to which the choicest spirits of Arampur were reduced by the unwonted dissipations to which Pukka and Sabre had subjected us. In my burning zeal to collect the necessary materials for compiling an appropriate record, I passed on to Marmalade's house. It was needless to knock, however—the Major's resonant snores anticipated the obsequious sentry, who barred my way with a peremptory message that the *Saheb* was not on any account to be disburbed till dinner time. Next I timidly approached Sabre's gates. A melancholy menial responded to my view, hulloa, but declined to admit me. The Major *Saheb*, he said, was engaged on extremely important business and could see no one. I heard the chink of rupees and shrewdly surmised that the pool account was being made up. A sumpter mule stood at the office-door ready to convey the specie to Bombay. I fled with a heavy heart—alas! as heavy as my pockets were light; and sought the picturesque bower of my young friend Teaque. He was awake, thank goodness! and groaning in an alarming manner. I burst in upon him and found him to my surprise scantily clad with two orderlies pouring water over him. I could absolutely find no words to express my astonishment, but my speaking eyes must have been simply showering notes of interrogation, for with chattering teeth he volunteered dolorously enough the information I sought, "It's washing the whisky out of me, I am, Brown, me bhoy, for I'm just saturated." It was evidently useless to prosecute my enquiries further on that day, and by the next my own zeal as a correspondent had so far abated that but for an overpowering sense of duty, the Arampur week of 1890 might have passed unnoticed.

The pigeon-shooting was, as it always is in Arampur, a great success. There was the customary mess dinner overnight and the ensuing lottery. Here we all plunged, in a spirit of reckless gambling that is extremely unusual in Arampur. Pukka valiantly, by way of a start, offered to go odd man out with five of us for an eight-anna ticket: while Badli and Figs subscribed to purchase another. Badli was all for No. 153, but Figs would have No. 9, or none, and as he pointed out that there seemed no probability of 152 tickets being taken, Badli yielded under protest. Fired by these noble examples, the rank and file began speculating, and under the stimulus of competition we soon grew reckless. Even the most prudent householders and proprietors of large families caught the infection, so that ultimately the lottery filled beyond our most sanguine expectations.

I bought Pukka. I have a fatuous confidence in him. Years ago I knew him to kill four snipes in eighteen shots; and I treated with calm contempt the noisy partisans of Sabre. When it came to the shooting next day, things looked very well for a close competition between Sabre, Pukka, Trams (a visitor), and Captain Patti of the Cavalry. As for Nimrod and myself, we had early fallen into the ranks of spectators. "It's a cruel sport," I said to Nimrod, "and personally I would not injure the poor creatures for the world." "I never knew them fly so cussed," was his moody reply, but the result was much the same. We neither of us did much damage that time. Well, as I was saying, the excitement was at fever point. Pukka advanced cool and calm. He toyed with his gun—shook out one sleeve and then the other; took an observation of the sun; cast a glance on the adjacent anemometer to get a notion of the wind velocity, and then his patrician voice rang out, "Pull." Teaque pulled. The pigeon rose a foot or so above the trap; like lightning the Colonel was on it. But ere he could pull, it calmly settled in the open trap and surveyed the novel scene with cynical indifference. Then our incomparable Pukka lay down and took a powerfully accurate sight and —fired! We all jumped in our chairs. There was a cloud of feathers, legs, wings, and a head, mingled with splinters of the shattered trap, flying in all directions. I rushed up and wrung his hand in speechless emotion; he was evidently the right man to back! Such a grasp of the situation, such cool daring combined with promptitude! "Faix, and that *was* a shot," gasped Teaque, "I never saw a fowl so much shot before." But every one else began to object and claim that it was a miss. I was dreadfully indignant. I quite agreed with Teaque, "for if *that* was a miss may the Saints help them when they hit," says he. In vain Pukka protested that he conceived the bird was in rapid flight at the time; a large majority angrily overruled him, and in the event Sabre walked an easy winner, and I was left to reflect sorrowfully on the uncertainty of human fortune.

The double tennis tournament was won after a spirited contest by Teaque and Chirpy. Chirpy comes from Bengal, I believe: at any rate, he is not always with us, and at the close of his brief meteoric visits to Arampur, he leaves behind him an aching void in many hearts. Dare and another visitor opposed the victors in the final; and a very nice long quiet, gentlemanly, protracted set it was. When Chirpy won, Dare placidly observed that it had been an excellent game, to which the sprightly youth replied, "Game! *I* don't call that tennis, my dear fellow, I call it pat ball." Dare withered him with a glance of speechless scorn, and betaking himself to the buffet, addressed himself to me and others of his devoted admirers more in sorrow than in anger. "I say, you fellows, that was a close thing, wasn't it? Very nearly won, didn't we play; awful hard, too, and I got very warm. He (meaning Chirpy) calls it pat ball—*pat ball*—don't you know." We all sympathized warmly, and each and all of us took occasion in our several ways to reprove our volatile young friend for his misplaced levity.

I can't, no, I really can't, bring myself to describe the ladies' tennies and badminton. Again, I was a handicapper; again I was reviled. The best lady player won the tennis, and the well, *not* the best lady player won the badminton. Yet did the critics find stones of reproach aye—very boulders, to hurl at me and my colleagues. The theatricals, personally conducted by Pukka, were as good as they usually are in Arampur. The cast comprised such eminent comedians as Marmalade, Teaque, Nimrod, Hanson, and myself; ably assisted by the most talented ladies we could enlist within a radius of sixty miles, so that I have little doubt we really *did* astonish the audience. But the supper and the dance which followed were quite as much appreciated, if not more, than the efforts of the local dramatic troupe. I am waiting to get full particulars of the various cricket matches we played. Nimrod says he is preparing them for me, with a few invaluable notes upon the celebrated match between the Handsomes and Uglies. My own recollections are, I admit, a trifle confused. I recollect, though at a crisis of the game when some one as usual dropped a catch, hearing Chirpy exclaim in passionate excitement to a bevy of fair damsels around him, "Bless me, what a lot of kisses are snatched in Arampur." They all *say* he meant "catches are missed," but I doubt it.

M. Carnot has been presented by the County Council of the Seine et Marne with a large silver medal as a souvenir of his stay at Fontainebleau This, says a Paris correspondent, is recorded by an appropriate inscription on one side of the medal; on the other side is a Latin inscription, over emblematic figures of the Seine and the Marne, and the names of celebrated men, natives of the five arrondissements of Melun, Coulommiers, Fontainebleau, Meaux, and Provins. The medal was struck at the Paris Mint.

To call a distinguished Government official a "cove" would sound vulgar and disrespectful, but "Kovana" is highly deferential. This is the title by which the Administrator of New Guinea is known among the natives. These natives know when discretion is the better part of valour, and have a remarkably frank way of saying so. When the Administrator was hunting the murderers of Captain Ansell the Huhuna tribe were bent upon fighting. They came down to the beach with their spears and in their war paint, and the Europeans had to fire to save themselves from slaughter. Three or four of the gallant natives were killed and others wounded. Some time later the "Kovana" and his party entered the village of this tribe without resistance, the first to salute them being the widow of the chief, who had gallantly led the attack and had been the first to fall. The tribe at a formal meeting expressed deep regret for their folly in attacking the "Kovana" and, says Sir William MacGregor, "excused themselves by saying they did know how powerful we were.

THE SASSOON MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.

Although it is over forty-two years since the Sassoon Mechanics' Institute, or the Bombay Mechanics' Institute from which it sprang, came into existence, it is rather extraordinary to think it is so little taken advantage of by the citizens of Bombay. True there are at present 451, including life and honorary members on the rolls, of whom 316 are Europeans and Eurasians; but that is a very small proportion of the English-speaking and reading population of Bombay. Surely, therefore, the only conclusion we can come to is that the Institute, its constitution, its objects, its usefulness, educationally and recreatively, cannot be so well-known or understood as they ought to be. The title "Mechanics' Institute" is certainly rather delusive, for, although it may have been designed originally for members of that profession, their numbers are few compared with others. The Sassoon Mechanics' Institute is merely a name for a Society which has for its object the diffusion of literary and scientific knowledge, and mechanics of course for those who want it; and is open to any who are willing to pay regularly and in advance their six rupees a quarter, and who has been duly elected at a meeting of the Committee of Management.

It was towards the close of the year 1847 that the Bombay Mechanics' Institute, founded by the foremen mechanics of the Mint and Dockyard, was inaugurated, but at first, and for a long time indeed, it remained a very small concern. The intention was to have a library and reading-room, to set up a museum of models and constructive materials interesting and useful to engineers, and to hold lectures on scientific and literary subjects with discussions on them. Through the special favour of Sir Robert Oliver, who was then Commander-in-Chief of the Indian Navy, rooms were granted the Society over the Clock Tower entrance to the Dockyard. There they held their lectures, and had a reading-room where some current literature in the shape of newspapers and periodicals was kept; but the library was a long time in coming, and as for the museum of models and constructive materials, it is still in prospective, and likely to remain so. For sixteen years the little Society battled on and kept itself in existence in those rooms of the Dock, until in 1863 it received a fresh impetus from one of the most benevolent citizens Bombay ever possessed, David Sassoon, who gifted the handsome sum of Rs.60,000, towards the erection of a suitable building for a Mechanics' Institute, the length of time the Association had already been in existence and the countless difficulties it had successfully combated, proving that its members were in real earnest in its maintenance. To that, Government agreed to add a like amount of Rs. 60,000, and granted a piece of land on the Esplanade, 167 feet by 80 feet containing 1,485 square yards, at a nominal rent of one rupee per annum. But the erection of the building was not proceeded with at once. This offer by Government may seem a very generous one, but there is a further explanation attached to it. One rupee per annum is a very moderate ground-rent indeed; but in the first place they charged Rs. 25 per square yard for the ground, which they sarcastically informed the members was a great reduction on the price usually charged on ground in that locality. Deducting the amount at that rate from the promised Rs. 60,000, only between Rs. 17,000, and Rs. 18,000 came to the Institute, although in 1856, during Lord Elphinstone's Government, Rs. 300 was allowed annually to assist in defraying the expenses of lectures, a contribution which has since been continued by Government. The members of the Institute had therefore, under the circumstances, to wait patiently till they got more money ere the work of erecting the new building could be proceeded with, so that the kind donor, David Sassoon, who died in 1864 did not see the work begun. It was not until nearly three and a half years after his gift, namely on the 21st February, 1867, that Sir Bartle Frere, the then Governor of Bombay, laid the foundation-stone of the new Institute. It took three years to construct, showing how great advance has been made during the last twenty years in the speed with which buildings can now be run up in Bombay. In the beginning of 1870 it was finished, and on the 24th March it was formally opened by Sir Seymour Fitzgerald, Sir Partle Frere's successor. In the year 1873, or about three years after being opened, the Society was reconstituted and named the Sassoon Mechanics' Institute.

On the ground floor, immediately on entering, is a large hall, 64 feet by 30 feet, which at one time was intended for the museum, or collection of models and constructive materials already referred to, but which afterwards contained the Patent Library, placed there by Government for the information and instruction of visitors, Government also supplying the specifications of patents as they were published. But this patent library was not found of much use there; indeed it was rather found in the way; a year ago it was removed to the Secretariat, and thence to Elphinstone College where it now is, and where it can be seen by anybody who desires to. Facing the visitor on entering, at the foot of the staircase, stands a marble statue of Mr. David Sassoon, subscribed for] and erected by his friends as "a permanent record," of his "virtues and public character." Other three small rooms on the ground floor are occupied as part of the library. Upstairs the large room, similar in size to that below, is used as a reading room and principal library. The roof is high, the room is airy and well ventilated, and a broad and spacious verandah, running the whole length of the building, is a pleasant place to read in the evening. Without going into the catalogue of works contained in the library, a recent report shows its extent and the variety of works it contains. It says the Institute possesses one of the very best and most pleasantly situated Reading Rooms in India, with upwards of 90 English, Indian, and Continental Newspapers and Magazines, and a library stocked with eleven thousand works on Biography, Oriental subjects, including works and Translations in the vernacular, Educational and Classical works, Elementary Treatises, Juvenile Boo'ks, and Fairy Tales, Manuals of Sports, Games, Pastimes and Recreations, Religious, Theological, and Polemical works, works on Mythology, Spiritualism, Theosophy, Superstitions and Idolatry, &c., Architecture, Engineering and the Fine Arts, Military and Naval Works, including Science of War, Marine Engineering and Shipbuilding, Navigation, Atlases and Charts, &c., Essays, Speeches, Lectures, Letters, and Miscellaneous Works of various authors, Music, Poetry and the Drama, Philosophy and Science (General, Moral, Political and Social), Banking, Commerce, Manufactures and Trades, Agriculture, Botany and Gardening, Natural History (Animal, Mineral, and Vegetable Kingdoms); Travels, Voyages, Sporting, and Adventures; History and Antiquities, including Heraldry, Novels, Romances, and Tales; Encyclopedias, Dictionaries, Glossaries, and Catalogues, Gazetteers, Directories, Guide Books, and Manuals, including Guides to Educational Institutions, Places of Interest, &c., Government Gazettes and Reports and Commercial Reports, &c., Medicine, Chemistry, and Surgery, Law Books, and Reports and Proceedings of Learned Societies.

The newspapers and magazines are taken full advantage of by the members, and so is the library. Although it is so extensive, there is room for many more subscribers, who no doubt would increase did the public really understand the kind of works it embraces. Though not a mere circulating library of current literature, the funds allow every year of additions being made to the different branches. It may not be generally known that the collection of scientific works which is the least used, most of the books being seldom off their shelves the whole year through, is the finest in the Bombay Presidency, and is being yearly added to, and must go on extending according to the terms of the James Berkley Memorial Fund. Mr. James Berkley was, thirty years ago, the Chief Resident Engineer of the G.I.P. Railway. For two years he was president of the Society, and all the time he was a member none did so much as he to further the interests of the Institute. In 1862 he died, and funds were collected to raise a memorial to him. A bust of the deceased gentleman was made, and now stands on the top landing of the Institute, while a sum of Rs. 6,000 was invested in Government paper, the interest being yearly expended in scientific books. Without any effort therefore on the part of the members, and without interfering in the least with the income, this portion of the library is bound to increase, and it is a pity to see it so little used.

Since the Institute was first built it has always been the intention, when the necessary funds were forthcoming to continue the building further back by adding a large lecture room, with librarian's quarters above, to it, but that much-wished-for addition seems as far away as ever. The last report showed that the lecture funds then amounted to over Rs. 15,000; but Rs. 30,000, at least, according to the original estimate is wanted, and contributions to the fund, to use the customary expression, will be thankfully received by the honorary secretary, Mr. J. P. Mackeson. It is true that lectures are only delivered a few times during the year; but the principal library upstairs, where the lectures are held, is much too small for the purpose, and is wont to be uncomfortably crowded. Not only would the proposed lecture hall be a vast improvement on the present condition of matters, but it would be most useful for much required library extensions. The collection of volumes is becoming more numerous year by year, and unless an addition is made, or rather the original design of the building is completed, some of the books will require to be put out on the roof. Unless some vigorous effort is made it is a chance if the extension referred to will ever be completed. Twenty years have passed since the building was opened, little over Rs. 15,000, as already stated, is at the credit of the fund, and only Rs. 15,000 more is required. In conclusion it may not be generally known that the Sassoon Mechanics' Institute is open to travellers passing through Bombay and officers of vessels on payment of two rupees a month, or even a subscription of eight annas a week will secure to them the use of the library and reading room in the Institute for such time as they choose to remain in Bombay.

THE PROMOTION OF GENERAL HAPPINESS.

We regret that we have so long delayed noticing this collection of short essays, in which Professor Macmillan, of the Elphinstone College, has examined the ultimate effect on Happiness of various courses of conduct which at first sight appear unquestionably felicific or the reverse. He makes no attempt to demonstrate what ought to be the motive for conduct, being content to assume that as General Happiness, *ceteris paribus*, is actually preferred to general misery, it is a question of universal interest whether the General Happiness can be promoted by any means, and, if so, by what means. In other words the possibility of Utilitarianism is examined, with reference to concrete instances, without admitting its desirability. His method of dealing with the subject will be found most interesting by Utilitarians and non-Utilitarians alike. Both will admire the clearness with which attention is drawn to some of the fundamental difficulties. Both will, we think, lay down the book with a feeling of sadness.

Mr. Macmillan's views have, he admits, been influenced by his constant study of Sidgwick's "Methods of Ethics." Much of the criticism indeed—and critical thoughts are naturally the first to be aroused by the perusal of any thoughtful book on conduct—which the reader who has not previously studied the subject may feel inclined to apply to "The Promotion of General Happiness," and especially to the meaning of the terms used will be found on examination to be primarily applicable to the chapters on Utilitarianism in the "Methods of Ethics," if not to the works of modern Utilitarians generally. We must not, for example, find fault with Mr. Macmillan for stating in his first chapter that the General Happiness to be considered is that "of all sentient beings." This is the definition almost universally adopted, though in view of the extraordinary practical difficulties which show themselves whenever concrete examples are taken of antagonism between the happiness of various classes of sentient beings, Utilitarians ordinarily confine themselves to considering the general happiness of human beings alone. We may fairly say that Mr. Macmillan has, on the whole, similarly restricted himself, for though he has in some places briefly referred to the effect of certain kinds of human conduct on certain animals, he is able to conclude in all his instances that the ultimate effect is practically zero, and he thus avoids all difficulties of antagonism between kinds of happiness which are incapable of being measured in terms of one another. It may occur to our readers that similar difficulties in measuring happiness might easily arise as regards different kinds of human beings. These difficulties are ordinarily avoided by adopting as a first principle of Utilitarianism Bentham's formula—"Everybody to count for one, and nobody for more than one." Responsible persons have generally been unable in practice to act on this principle of equality, and even amongst thinkers it is apparently moribund, if we may judge from the reference to it in Herbert Spencer's recent Article on "Justice" in the "*Nineteenth Century*." But it is still accepted by the Utilitarian, and it evidently has an important bearing on the population question, so often referred to in these essays, and particularly, for example on Mr. Macmillan's remarks concerning the danger of the Chinese overrunning the world and replacing white races. On the assumption of this principle of pure equality—that the happiness of one man must weigh exactly as much as that of another, and likewise the misery,—we cannot avoid thinking that the conclusions that must be eventually deduced by the consistent Utilitarian—certainly if he is an Optimist, and allows, for example that two Chinamen could thrive where an American would starve—are more startling than those arrived at by Mr. Macmillan who, though for the most part convincing so far as he goes, seems to have stopped at a half way house, and while pointing out the avoidance of misery to white races secured by certain restrictions on Chinese immigration has not given prominence to the other side of the question, the fact that the real Utilitarian, who accepts the equality principle, is bound to denounce conduct which, while preventing this misery, at the same time causes misery to Chinamen and prevents an eventual net increase in the total happiness of the world. The ultimate conclusions in such a case, if our view is correct, will perhaps be thought by many to be an argument against Utilitarianism rather than against the restrictions on immigration to which Mr. Macmillan refers. It will probably be seen too, on reflection, that the question is a really typical one, and that similar difficulties thrust themselves forward at almost every step whenever we apply the Utilitarian method in an *exact* manner, either to all sentient beings, to humanity at large, or even to any very considerable portion of the human race. Such difficulties are avoided by the method recently adopted in Herbert Spencer's article on "Justice," of which the key note is that sign ificant term of the age—"Survival of the Fittest."

The most striking portions of Mr Macmillan's book are undoubtedly those in which he deals with the population question. He argues that conduct which increases means of subsistence increases population and vice-versa; and all increase of population must, *ceteris paribus*, be approved by the optimist Utilitarian and disapproved by the Pessimist Utilitarian, the former believing that the average human being's net happiness is positive and the latter that it is negative. As most of the more important courses of conduct, including those which form the subject of Political Economy, have as their principal ultimate result, an effect, one way or other, on the means of subsistence, the vast importance of a decision by the Utilitarian between Optimism and Pessimism will at once be recognized. Mr. Macmillan does not hesitate to declare that "Every Utilitarian, nay, every one who thinks that happiness is among things desirable for their own sake, ought to make up his mind on this question, as its decision gives a most important motive for the determination of conduct." He adds in a passage which we may quote as typical:—"If the unknown inventor of the mariner's compass was a pessimistic utilitarian, and foresaw that his invention would add millions to the population of the world, he was bound as a rational being to keep his discovery to himself. The same remarks apply to the invention of all other instruments which increase the world's population either by making the soil more productive, or by improving the means of communication between different parts of the world, so that each country produces what it can produce most easily and gives its surplus to foreign nations in exchange for what they can produce most easily. For this increase of population is, after all, the principal result of steam-ploughs, steam-ships, steam locomotives, and all the vaunted triumphs of steam."

In other places he gives additional examples, amongst which we may mention accumulation of cap

THE CHARTERED BANK FRAUDS.

BEFORE Mr. Justice Prinsep and the special jury on Tuesday, the further trial of Shama Churn Sen was proceeded with.

The Advocate-General, in summing up the case on behalf of the prosecution, premised by saying that it now devolved upon him to sum up the facts of the case, which had been adduced on behalf of the prosecution. He need scarcely remind them again that their judgment and conviction must rest upon the facts of the case and upon the legitimate fair inferences which had to be drawn from those facts. They were not entitled to wander into the realms of imagination, to give wings to their thoughts, to assume a state of facts which was not in existence, nor were they entitled to stray from a particular field of enquiry into another region alluded thereto by the wisdom and eloquence of Mr. Jackson, or by the influence of his rhetoric. The plain duty of the jury was to deal with the facts as men of commonsense and experience, and it was for that purpose there were trials by jury preferred. They were superior to trials by any other classes of men, because being chosen from society, juries were supposed to bring no bias into the matter, one way or the other. So most men, and he for one, would certainly most respectably bow to their order, whether their verdict was in their favour or against them. The duty of counsel for the prosecution was plain and clear. His duty was to place the case as clearly and as briefly as he could before the jury, to press upon them all legitimate inferences which arose from the facts. He was not entitled to declaim against the prisoner, or try and obtain a vindictive verdict. He thought he had shown during the course of his conduct of the case, that he had been influenced by no such feelings. He had no feelings in the matter at all; whether prisoner was convicted or acquitted. Personally he had no feelings in the matter whatever. Therefore he desired to address them simply in accordance with his legitimate duty, namely, placing facts before them clearly and dispassionately. He desired thattheir judgment should be clear and dispassionate in the matter, and that they would give the prisoner the benefit of every circumstance which, as counsel, he thought fit to lay before them. The counsel then explained the law and went on to say that the first point for consideration was what were the duties imposed upon Shama Churn; and with regard to that the agreement put in spoke for itself, and told them very simply what his duties were. After enunciating these the Advocate-General went on to say that it had been urged that it was a civil liability, but even admitting this, it did not take away the criminal liability. The Penal Code distinctly laid that down and applied it to him as cashier entrusted with the Bank's money. The facts of the case were simple and confined within a narrow compass, and nothing had transpired during the trial which was opposed to that, even admitting that the European officials of the Bank were corrupt, which he denied, and that the laxity prevailing was very great. These were all the more reasons for supposing that the doors to fraud were more open than if greater care was taken to keep them closed. All this could not be advanced on behalf of the defence, but was a state of things which strengthened the prosecution very much. The manager of the Bank was free from all suspicion; the advances made to the clerks by the cashier were a matter with which the jury had nothing to do. These advances had nothing to do with any defalcation, because the amounts were all entered in the books. It was considered part of the cash, and had nothing to do with the cash balances in his hand. The facts were fully borne out. On the 14th April Mr. Lindsay actually counted the cash, something having occurred. There was nothing clearer from the facts than that breach of trust had been committed on that day. There was the clear admission of guilt on the part of Shama Churn. After this confession, the keys were taken away from him, and he was dismissed. Alluding next to the letters confessing his guilt, the Standing Counsel argued that they were the clearest evidences of guilt conceivable. Shama Churn found himself like a rat in a hole and determined to fight. The contention that the matter was a civil liability could not hold water for one moment. The telegrams showed that criminal proceedings were all along intended. So far as Mr. Marshall was concerned he believed and acted as if the matter was a criminal one, and it was ridiculous to suppose otherwise, especially as Mr. Marshall acted under advice. Defalcation was the admission made by Shama Churn, and the word did not apply to a civil liability. Confession was always with reference to a crime, and did not fit in with civil liability. Again, it was shown that both Messrs. Marshall and Lindsay were friendly towards Shama Churn, and if so, it was, idle to suppose they were hatching a plot to entrap Sham Churn. The matter did not stop there. There was no corroborative evidence required in reference to [illegible] sions. If a confession was believed, [illegible] evidence of it was required. (Regina [illegible] Cr. Rep. 347.) Most men [illegible] themselves and to [illegible] his own confession. [illegible] the case [illegible] Lindsay remain [illegible] corroboration [illegible] Counsel [illegible] action in the [illegible] examination [illegible] not all these [illegible] evidence? The [illegible] swallowed by [illegible] the case [illegible] by which [illegible] made the Bank manage [illegible] opportunities to alter cash balances, and did continuously. This was bad unlimited dominion [illegible] means to alarm the Bank [illegible] [illegible] manipulation he [illegible] [illegible] to have sent to the Bank [illegible] [illegible] the money accounted [illegible] engrained in the human [illegible] evidence that brokers were con[illegible] calling on him, in addition to which there was his confession on the point. The man had immense opportunities to deal with monies over which there was lax control. Counsel next dealt at length with the transactions of the 14th of April, and commented upon the evidence of Sarat Chundar Pal, who was, he submitted, not a witness of truth but a perjured witness. He next dealt with the custody of the clean cash book, and the mistake in the balances which Shama Churn admitted. In reference to this it was a bodily admitted fact that on that day there were 150 thousand rupee notes short, and that between the 11th and 14th these defalcations occurred. Counsel warned the jury against having their minds poisoned by issues which were not relevant, and the contentions based upon belief and opinion which were in no way evidence. There was no question that in a controversy in cross-examination between any young man and experienced controversialists like counsel, the advantage always lay with the latter, no matter who the lay witness was. This remark applied to the evidence of Mr. Lindsay and other Bank assistants. This ground of attack on the prosecution therefore fell to the ground. Things permanent of the issue alone were relevant, and all side issues had nothing to do with the credibility of these witnesses Mr. Lindsay's examination commanded the fullest belief, and it was only in reference to his "belief" at the end of a cross-examination that anything could be said. The only point on which Mr. Marshall was attacked was in reference to his knowing nothing of Shama Churn's share transactions. This was perfectly accountable by the fact that he was a busy man and knew nothing of what Shama Churn was doing. The onus was upon Mr. Lindsay in reference to his share transactions was perfectly worthless. He did what many others daily did, bought and sold a few shares, and such transactions were in no sense speculations. The motives in this case to prosecute were honest, and if an opposite view was urged it was for the jury to decide which was to be accepted. The jury must bear in mind that Shama Churn was dismissed on the 15th—th's should never be forgotton—and not for deficiencies but for defalcations. If advances were made to Shama Churn there was an end to the charge, but there was not even a chit produced to show that such an advance was ever permitted. Referring to Mr. Farr not being called, counsel explained that that attorney was called in on the 15th, and could speak to nothing of what had already transpired. Even if the jury believed that Mr. Farr acted for both parties, that only showed that both parties had unbounded confidence in him. Counsel next urged that even if the Bank had agreed to compound he prosecution, that was not a matter with which the jury had anything to do, or which affected the merits of the case. These compromises affected the honour and integrity of the parties concerned, and the argument had only been introduced into this case for the purposes of prejudicing it. The witnesses had nothing to do with the prosecution, which was a matter which the directors only could decide on. Turning to the confession, the Advocate-General said that it was a matter for the jury to consider whether it was in the handwriting of the prisoner, but it was for the court to decide whether he had made it under an "inducement" or "promise" under the Evidence Act.

The Advocate-General then proceeded to argue at great length that the letters written and the confession made by Shama Churn were done under no inducements or promises, and quoted a number of authorities in support of his contention.

Mr. Jackson was then heard, and he raised the point that the inducements, under the Evidence Act, came within the limitations of that section of the Act, and he urged that the burden of proving these exceptions lay with the prosecution.

His Lordship made no ruling, and desired Mr. Jackson to go with his arguments. On this Mr. Jackson quoted and commented at length on the whole of the evidence taken in reference to the letters and confession, and had not concluded when the Court rose for the day. This being a purely legal point, the Jury were allowed to go while the argument was progressing.—*Englishman.*

THE late Dowager Marchioness of Ely possessed several rarities which by her will she has disposed of to her favourites. Princess Beatrice has, for instance, become the owner of the diamond bracelet with "Fontainbleau" on the back, a gift from the Empress Eugenie. Lord Rowton, has acquired the picture called "Pax," painted by the mother of Count Cavour, the famous Italian statesman. Other interesting mementoes, such as the bracelet presented to Lady Ely by the King of Italy, are to be held upon the trusts of the settlement made by the late Marquis of Ely, son of the testatrix.

STEEL trinkets are likely to be the rage next winter. An artificer of steel jewellery, named Le Long, has made a hit with coronets, brooches, necklaces, and garlands of steel beads mixed with artificial pearls. The false pearls are to the steel what cream is to overdrawn tea. They soften it, and are not pretentious. Visitors to the Exhibition of Industrial Art at the Palais de l'Industrie can see these elegant brooches in steel and sham pearls at prices varying from 10 francs to 20 francs. There is a garland of wild roses priced at 1,500 francs. It is meant to be worn at a fancy ball by a lady personating an Iron Queen.

MRS. HAYES' LEPER FUND.

THE following half-yearly Report of Mrs. Hayes' Leper and Poor Fund has been issued :—

In publishing this account of the work of six months among the lepers and poor of Calcutta, I am giving to the public the combined efforts of no society, mission, or any religious body or sect, but only the work of a humble citizen who had no other motive in raising the fund than that of trying to give practical aid to her suffering fellow-creatures. My efforts in this direction have been most generously aided by the charitable public, who have largely subscribed to my Leper Fund. I have been surrounded, as may be imagined, by professional beggars, but before giving alms I have made inquiries into the antecedents of the applicants. I have withheld money in many cases where poverty has been caused by drunkenness, peferring rather to give such persons a daily meal at my house, the cost of which came out of our private purse, as the food was from our table, than to afford them money to spend on drink. Brother John of the Seamen's Mission has been my right hand, as it were, in all this work, and particularly in weeding out and warning me against people who are undeserving of monetary presents—we won't say of help; for none who were hungry have been refused a meal, no matter what their antecedents. I am glad to say I have been able to find permanent situations for four persons since my Fund was started, all of whom are doing well. Two of them were utterly destitute, and two were inmates of the Almshouse. I can give my subscribers the names and addresses of these people should they be required. I have refrained from doing so here out of consideration to them. I got a situation for a fifth, who, I regret to say, did not turn out well. Being a woman myself, my natural desire is to assist the helpless of my own sex first. We have given aid to men, and especially to old ones, who are unable to work; but women and children have come in for the larger share of assistance. One poor woman, whose husband was earning but a small salary, had seven little orphan children sent her on the death of her sister at Bombay. Our Fund was able to provide two loaves of bread and a little meat daily for them and a few rupees, every now and then, to keep them from absolute want. I wrote to the Mother Provincial of the Loretto Convent who kindly took two of them into the Orphanage, and I hear that a couple more have been put into another school; so our daily offering of food has been handed over to another poor family. I will not trouble my readers with the history of all the people we have been able to help, but I have received many letters of grateful thanks from those who were in sore need and who came to me to assist them. I hope to always have a little money at my disposal, to enable me to continue to relieve the helpless. I should like later on with increased funds to be able to allow eight annas or a rupee weekly to old and infirm inmates of the Almshouse who are utterly destitute. These poor things have, as I pointed out in my article on the Almshouse in *Hayes' Sporting News* a short time ago, a hard life. The old men and women have to wash their own clothes, which in a climate like this and to those whose strength is gone, is a very great hardship. Provided with a little pocket money they would be able to get this done for them, and also to purchase a little butter and other comforts which are not supplied them. I am able to allow a small sum weekly to one old woman there, but I should like to do so to more of the aged inmates.

The lepers in the Asylum may now be said to be fairly comfortly. I have never allowed anything to prevent my visiting them every Tuesday during the past six months, from the time I first saw them. I have always taken them anything they required, together with what I saw was necessary for their comfort. The nature of my offerings have been principally, in the form of tea, fruit, jam, biscuits, clothes, towels, washstands, sponges, soap, pictures, scrap-books, flowers, tinned-meats, and many other things. I have also allowed weekly, from one rupee to four annas to each of the European and Eurasian lepers, and have always distributed two rupees or more weekly in copper to the natives. This to them has proved such a boon that I always find them on the alert and watching for our arrival on Tuesday mornings; for Brother John always accompanies me, on such occasions. I should feel bitterly sorry if the management, owing to interested feelings, saw fit to try and stop these weekly visits of mine to the new Asylum they propose to build; for whatever disagreements we in the world outside may have on the subject of lepers and their treatment; the lepers themselves have come to regard me as their friend, while I on my part would feel sorry if I were prevented from supplying them with the little comforts which, as paupers, would otherwise be unable to obtain. I have received much kind help for ladies and gentlemen in Calcutta many parts of India who have sent parcels of clothes, newspapers, pictures, soap, tea and other things. The clothes have come in handy; for many poor families in Calcutta as well as the lepers have been glad to get underlinen, wrappers, shirts, &c. Besides the inmates in the Asylum I have a leper who comes to me weekly for Rs. 2. He has put himself under the treatment of a native doctor, but he is in an advanced stage of the disease and consequently unable to do any kind of work. I heard soothing allusions made to these lepers being professional beggars; but if they are unable to work, how, I may well ask, can they keep themselves from starving except by begging? Besides, it is far better for them to come and say "I am a leper, give me assistance," than to try and seek employment with healthy persons.

The man to whom I allude was for some time an inmate of the Asylum here, but as the medical treatment there is almost nil, he, a young man with fine prospects, apparently still strong within him, determined on leaving the place and seeking medical aid outside. Our fund supplied Rs. 250 to the authorities in charge of the Leper Asylum with a request that it be employed in obtaining the medicines recommended by Dr. Unna for leprosy, of which we had read good accounts from England. This money was accepted on the 9th May and the medicine sent for, but it has not up to the present (31st August) arrived.

I was also able to supply from the Fund a female attendant for two years at a cost of Rs. 192 to wait on the European and Eurasian female lepers in the Asylum; as these poor creatures were without one.

A Concert recently given in the Town Hall for the Leper Fund realized a little over Rs. 200, after paying expenses and giving Rs. 40 to the Volunteer Band. My readers will see that monthly subscription list is not large. I should like to extend it, preferring a fixed monthly sum, however small it may be, to a donation; for with the former I should be able to promise a small weekly allowance to several old people whom I should like to help.

I may mention that all the money which has been subscribed has hitherto been spent in purchasing things for the poor. No charges for cab hire, stationery stamps, printing, salaries or any expenses of the kind have been deducted from the Fund. These have come out of my own pocket.

In addition to the work before mentioned, we have made a point of visiting the Hospitals once a fortnight or once a month according as business would permit, distributing books, newspapers and tobacco to the male inmates; and fruit and papers to the female. Occasionally we have been able to send jellies, beef-tea, &c. to patients who have asked for them and whom the doctor in charge has allowed to have what they like in cases that have been past recovery. Such little offerings may have brightened the last hours of those who have died. Our fund gave Rs. 25 to Mr. Luckman, the Cathedral Chaplain, to be handed to a sailor who was being sent home as incurable and who would require a little money on landing in England. Mr. Luckman was able to give Rs. 25 from his Poor Fund, so our friend will have Rs. 50 at his disposal when he lands in England. I should be glad if my readers would send me old *Graphics* and illustrated papers for distribution; as I find great difficulty in obtaining sufficient interesting periodicals for all the sick people. The women and children at the Eden Hospital are very glad of illustrated papers, and I dislike going to the Medical College Hospital unless I can take a good stock of papers as well as cigars and tabacco with me. At the General Hospital the inmates fare better as regards literature; for lady visitors give them a paper each weekly. They are, however, very glad to get a smoke. We distributed cigars to eighty men the other day and had a chat with each one. They are all extremely grateful for a little kindness, and especially the sailors who often send me kind messages when they revisit this port again months after they have got over their trouble, and when one would expect to have been quite forgotten. The income amounted to Rs. 2,031-14., expenditure Rs. 1,116-3-6 leaving a balance in hand of Rs. 915-10-6.

TITLES TO ORDER.

"IT is only good to be noble," said an American mamma. That opinion seems to have been shared by one of the lady's ingenious countrymen, who answered an advertisement that lately appeared in the *Figaro*, announcing that M.—, of Rue—, Paris, was prepared to procure titles of nobility and foreign decorations for those who are desirous of them.

By return of post came the following reply in French: —"Monsieur,—I have the honour of replying to your questions. Here are the conditions for titles of nobility: Count, 30,000 fr.; Viscount, 25,000 fr.; Baron 15,000 fr. These are Spanish titles delivered by the Queen. As for decorations, these are they: The Christ of Portugal, 5,000 fr. (Chevalier); the ribbon is red; and Commander of the Christ, 8,000 fr. Decoration of Isabella the Catholic, Chevalier (yellow-and-white rosette), 3,500 fr.; Commander of Isabella, 6,000 fr.; Decoration of Charles the Third of Spain, 4,000 fr.; Commander, 7,000 fr. La Cruz Roja (red, black, and white rosette), decoration for men and women for aid to the wounded on land or sea, 1,500 fr. Lusignan (white-and-blue rosette) Chevalier, 1,200 fr.; Officer, 2,000 fr.; Commander, 3,000 fr; Brevets of purveyors to the Court of Spain, 3,000 fr.

About five or six months are necessary to obtain these distinctions, except as concerns the two last, La Cruz Roja and Lusignan, which I can get in one month. I must be given the full name and quality. As payment, it is necessary to send me half the amount on making application, and the other half when I deliver the title. For this last transaction it is enough that you have a correspondent in Paris, but if you do not send me half the money, it is useless for me to trouble myself, because I must send this sum first to Spain.

A TRAIN DE LUXE for the Emperor of Russia has been ordered, says a Paris correspondent, from the South of France Railway Company. This train, which is to be delivered with the utmost despatch, will consist of luggage vans, and saloon, dining, and sleeping carriages. It is not likely that it is intended for immediate use, for in that case a second set of carriages similar in every respect would have been ordered, as the Czar is always preceded or followed on his railway journeys by a dummy train, the risk of a dynamite accident being thus reduced by one-half. Probably, however, the second train will be copied in Russia from the French model.

DECREES IN THE SALVATION ARMY.

GENERAL BOOTH, in his "orders and regulations for Salvation soldiers," says that "whilst our soldiers should avoid taking away from active service more time than is really necessary for the purpose of courting either by conversation or correspondence, it is not to the interest of the parties nor of the army that marriage should take place without sufficient previous acquaintance." He further says: "No engagement should be made, and no marriage take place, between parties who have not a reasonable prospect of maintaining themselves and their families when married in decent comfort. The army will not sanction or take part in any marriage which seems likely to end miserably, owing to the difference of age, circumstances, or position of the parties, or of the probable inability of either party to perform the duties that would devolve upon them in their new relation." He remarks: "A person who is all that can be desired on the platform may be entirely unsuitable as husband or wife." The General adds: "No persons can be soldiers who are cohabiting with those to whom they are not married, or who voluntarily continue to live in the position of having deserted husband or wife except for extraordinary reasons. Persons living together unlawfully should either marry or separate. But while no absolute rule can be laid down which will apply to all cases, it would naturally be the duty of the man who wishes to be a soldier to marry the woman with whom he lived, unless she was unwilling, or there were some strong reasons to the contrary. In these matters every soldier must consider the honour of the flag continually committed to his or her care." The army's "Articles of Marriage" commit the contracting parties to the solemn declaration that "we have not sought this marriage for the sake of our own happiness and interests only, although we hope these will be furthered thereby; but because we believe that the union will enable us better to please and serve God, and more earnestly and successfully to fight and work in the Salvation Army. We hereby promise that we will not allow our marriage in any way to lessen our devotion to God, our affection for our comrades, or our faithfulness in the army. We also promise always to regard our home in every way as a Salvation Army soldiers' or officers' quarters, and to arrange it accordingly, and to train all in it who may be under our influence and authority for faithful and efficient service in the army. Should either of us from sickness, death, or any other cause cease to be efficient soldiers, we engage that the remaining one shall continue to the best of his or her ability to fulfil all these promises."

"Funeral reform" has also been taken up with uncompromising earnestness by the Salvation Army. In the latest "orders and regulations" General Booth says: "All our soldiers should refuse to follow the ordinary fashion of wearing black dress, crape, or any other such things in order to set forth their grief on account of the loss which they have suffered, which is known as mourning." This also applies to the use of hearses, mourning coaches, and hired undertaker's men to take any part in a ceremonial with which they have no sympathy beyond that of getting paid for it." The reasons upon which these conclusions are based are set forth at length. The employment of all the pageantry of woe is condemned because it is unhealthy; and the customary mourning usages should be disregarded on the ground that they are gloomy and depressing, and, above all, that they are a needless expense. "Such a visitation as that of death," observes the General, "is surely one occasion when there is no money to spare to waste upon a custom that is in itself useless and unprofitable." At the same time he goes on to say that, "to indicate the respect and affection for the decease, soldiers may wear, instead of mourning, after the funeral, a black band with a red 'S,' or an ordinary black band round the right arm. The trimming of an Army bonnet or hat should not be altered upon such an occasion, nor the red band be left off."

LANDING GOLD IN LIBERIA.

IN May last Mr. G. E. Parkinson (accompanied by Dr. Steadman and Mr. C. T. O. King) left Liverpool on board the Lagos, having in his charge 20,000 sovereigns, being the payment which an English company had undertaken to make to the Republican Government of Liberia for the sole right of exporting indiarubber, from that country. On the arrival of the Lagos off the coast of Monrovia her Majesty's gunboat Magician was waiting to render assistance if necessary in the landing of the specie. Mr. Parkinson readily availed himself of the kind offer of Captain Peabody, who then furnished him with a guard of marines while the Liberian Government sent him a file of soldiers.

The money was conveyed in ten boxes each containing 2,000 sovereigns, all the boxes being roped together, with buoys attached to them, so that in the event of the boat being capsized in the heavy surf which roars on the shore, the whereabouts of the packets might easily be ascertained. Mr. Parkinson, in disembarking to pay his respects to the President, found a great crowd of Kroomen and settlers congregated on the wharfs, apparently much excited by the appearance of the gunboat, which had been lying there for about two days awaiting the Lagos. Of the unwonted; they form an unconscious link with the vanishing past. We all know individuals who are qualified to join the society; but I am afraid they belong to a generation that is passing away. One never sees among one's own contemporaries a potential Maiden aunt, any one who could conceivably become a cat-loving, God-fearing, gossiping, kindly, idle old maid of the familiar type we have all known and loved. It is a real pleasure to come across such old ladies; one still meets them in remote country places, and most of all in health resorts and watering places. They flock singly or in couples to parlour-floors in such places, to gratify their simple, human, gregarious tastes by exercising their powers of observation, aided by a small amount of sociability and companionship. Such old maids usually have some sentimental episode belonging to a remote past, which adds an extra touch of human sympathy and kindliness. In conclusion, I may add that there is another society, besides that for the Protection of Old Maids, which I should like to inaugurate. Nothing can be done by individual effort; so we may as well accept the inevitable, and belong to societies—until the happy day when the Society for the Total Abolition of All Other Societies shall reign supreme. The society I particularly wish to found is one for the Suppression of Women with Causes.

BISMARCK IN TIME.

AT Kissingen, a few days ago, Prince Bismarck received a deputation from the Rhenish town of Duisburg, which presented him with the Diploma of Honorary Citizenship which had been conferred on him by the municipality of that place. Replying to the address with which the Burgomaster prefaced the presentation of the document in question, the ex-Chancellor said that "if in his former position distinctions and the highest honour had been bestowed on him by potentates, the significance of such honours was rather conventional. Their bestowal was, to a certain extent, a matter of course, but the spontaneous expression of gratitude on the part of the citizens of a rising town went to, as it came from the heart."

At the luncheon which followed the speeches the conversation turned on various subjects. The Burgomaster related how in 1871 he escorted a half-tipsy French General through the outposts before Paris to the peace negotiations at Versailles, and delivered him up there at the Prince's head-quarters. Prince Bismark said he was quite recollected of the incident, and added that at first they thought the General's condition was due to patriotic depression; but the real state of the case was revealed after the conference, when the visitor's coffee cup was found half-full of cognac.

The Prince afterwards spoke of various incidents of the peace negotiations, and amongst others how, in dealing with M. Jules Favre at Frankfort, he suddenly "forgot" all his French, and, to the despair of the French Plenipotentiary, was able to address the latter only in German.

After the luncheon the Prince lighted his long pipe, while cigars were handed round to his guests. Afterwards, one of the party, Herr Vygen, begged the Prince to give each of the members of the deputation a photograph of himself, in remembrance of that memorable interview. The ex-Chancellor willingly complied, remarking that, in his former position, he was accustomed to do whatever the deputies wanted. He, thereupon, fetched out a number of photographs of himself, taken at different times, and begged his visitors each to choose one for himself, whereupon he called for pen and ink, and, with a big goosequill, appended to each *carte* his signature, "V. Bismarck, Kissingen, 16-8-90."

In the course of a recent conversation with the editor of a Bavarian paper, Prince Bismarck made a remark of considerable historic interest. He said:—"When, in 1886, the catastrophe of King Ludwig of Bavaria was approaching, I was informed, in a telegram addressed to me from the Tyrol by his Aide-de-Camp, Count Durckheim, of the state of the affair, and my assistance was, so to speak, claimed on behalf of the King. In reply I telegraphed to the Count in the Tyrol, 'His Majesty should travel at once to Munich, show himself to his people, and defend his interests himself before the assembled Landtag.' I calculated thus: Either the King is sane, and then he will follow my advice; or he is really mad, and in that case he will not lay aside his aversion to publicity. The King did not go into Munich. He took up a resolution at all. He no longer had the necessary mental strength to take a decided course, and so he passively allowed his fate to break in over him."

LORD TENNYSON AND THE CORNISH VICAR.

MANY years since Lord (then Mr.) Tennyson was visiting at Bude, Cornwall. He had been given a letter of introduction to the late Rev. R. S. Hawker, the well-known vicar of Morwenstow, and himself a writer of charming verse. With the thoughtlessness which is supposed to be characteristic of poets, says the London correspondent of the *Birmingham Post*, Tennyson mislaid the letter, and forgot the name of the individual to whom it was addressed. The local doctor, however, thought it would probably be Mr. Hawker, and Tennyson proceeded to the vicarage. Mr. Hawker's hospitality was proverbial, and he frequently entertained visitors without troubling to know their names. Just as he was leaving, after a pleasant chat, Tennyson said, "Perhaps you would like to know who I am. My name is Tennyson." Any relation to *the* Tennyson?" asked Mr. Hawker. The poet replied, "I don't know what you mean by *the* Tennyson, but I am Alfred Tennyson." His host's feelings may be better imagined than described. He did not, at any rate, allow his guest to depart so easily as he might have done if he had remained *incog.* "You *must* stay and finish the day with me," said Mr. Hawker. "No, I cannot," was the reply, "the fact is, I am dying for a pipe." Mr. Hawker not being a smoker could not offer his visitor a pipe, but a labourer was found near at hand who could furnish both pipe and tobacco. This satisfied Tennyson's wants, and the two poets spent a still longer time together; Tennyson, no doubt, enjoying the labourer's pipe as much as if he were smoking from the costliest meerschaum.

PREMATURE BURIAL.

So far as this country is concerned there has not been a single authenticated case recorded of premature burial (the *Lancet* says), though there have undoubtedly been cases where persons have revived after apparent death and many alleged cases of premature burial. But all these have the appearance of sensation stories, manufactured for the "penny dreadfuls" and those newspapers which thrive on sensation. Even on the Continent, in America, and in other countries where in consequence of the intense heat burial must take place within twenty-four hours after death, the authenticity of the stories of alleged premature burial has never been proved, and it may be safely asserted that one genuine case would have led to an alteration in the law and the postponement of burial until after a longer period. In England, on the contrary, there is less reason to complain of too speedy burial as of too prolonged an interval between death and burial. Mr. Seymour Haden's suggestion of burial within thirty-six hours was not favourably received, and is indeed for this country too short an interval. A universally exact interval cannot be laid down; it must vary according to the time of the year, the weather, and other circumstances. In these days of cheap disinfectants a body can be kept without prejudice to the living for four or five days after death, which interval is long enough to satisfy the wishes of the most timid.

There is a circumstance well known to the profession which, if it were better known to the public, would go far to reassure those whose minds may have been disturbed by those sensational paragraphs. Every day bodies apparently lifeless are received at metropolitan and provincial hospitals having been found in every variety of posture, clothed, half clothed, or naked, and under varying circumstances. At the hospital the resident surgeon must give a prompt and decisive answer to the question, "Is he (or she) alive or dead?" To send a corpse to the ward or to keep it unduly long in the reception-room would be a very stupid blunder; to send a living person to the dead-house would be a crime. These cases amount in the aggregate to thousands annually, and yet we never heard of a mistake being made. It is probably this circumstance which makes members of the profession sceptical of these stories of so-called premature burial, and causes them to reject with an incredulous smile the suggestion that so horrible a fact might occur to any of us. In addition to the cases taken to hospital, there are many cases of sudden death occurring at home and elsewhere to which private practitioners are called, with similar results.

A society has been formed in New York City for the prevention of premature burial, the chief mover of which is Dr. Leo, who is stated to have had considerable and varied experience in Heidelberg, in Paris, at St. Bartholomew's Hospital, London, and as a medical expert in New York. He has expressed an opinion that persons are only too frequently buried with a degree of hurry and carelessness that is scandalous, if not criminal. He suggests that in every case where a person dies or is supposed to have died, a competent Physician should be at once called in, and that no undertaker should be allowed to handle the body before that is done. Further suggestions are given, the object of which is to cause an allarm-bell to be sounded on the slightest movement of the body. It will be interesting to watch the results of this society; but for the reasons which we have already given there are no grounds for establishing a similar association in this country.

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THE WOMAN WITH A CAUSE.

"ONE Who Knows Her" writes as follows to the *St. James's Gazette*:—

Theory and practice seem to me to conflict when one seriously considers the question of spinsterhood. For convenience, I include under the general term spinsters unmarried womankind generally; but careful inspection of the ranks of the unwedded shows that this classification is too general—we must subdivide further. Some (alas! too few) are old maids; most are not. The age of old maids is fast passing away, though unfortunately statistics do not tend to prove that the unmarried woman is likely to become extinct. No doubt theoretically much can be urged in favour of spinsterhood; and not only by those who consider that woman is man's equal, if not his superior, in everything—fit to take her place either beside or above him in all affairs of life.

But, practically, I think many women in their most candid moments would admit that it is but a second best—a poor substitute for married life. And we can hardly help considering it as a *pis-aller*, when we see that, to make a state of single blessedness really blessed, ninety-nine out of a hundred women take up a Cause. And by a Cause I don't mean an occupation or interest which is taken up for its own sake; I mean work to which a wholly fictitious importance is attached, and which becomes narrowing and absorbing—work done not for its own intrinsic worth or because it is particularly congenial, but simply in order to be doing something, to find an outlet for unemployed energies. Perhaps the hundredth woman, the exceptionally superior one—superior not in a disparaging sense, but who possesses more than ordinary ability and strength of character—may be able to lead a life which is satisfactory to herself, and be also a useful and agreeable member of society without adopting any definite Cause. In these days one hardly dares give utterance to what used to be considered an accepted and familiar platitude: that no woman who remains unmarried has entirely fulfilled her destiny; and at the best is an incomplete being. Nor is it consistent with modern ideas to wish that Mormonism on a large scale, female infanticide, or enforced conventual life, (the victims for the latter career to be decided by ballot), should be introduced in order to equalize the balance between the sexes and to dispose of the surplus female population.

The surplus woman is in a great measure responsible for the general restlessness and aimless discontent which is so characteristic of our times. Her restlessness infects others with the same troubled spirit which wanders about seeking rest and finding none. It is rare for a woman who is possessed by this demon of restlessness to recognize the fact and own it, even to herself. She is willing to admit that life is unsatisfactory and wanting in some essential; but it is only the exceptional woman who attributes the evil to its real cause, who is candid enough to admit that the natural, obvious solution of the difficulty is the best, and who (when practicable) acts accordingly and marries. A very large percentage of those women who take elaborate pains to find some wholly artificial relief for their nameless dissatisfaction would be infinitely happier married, even in a prosaic ordinary way to an ordinary man. Indeed, I think it is an open question whether a large proportion would not be more happy if they formed part of a menage conducted on Oriental principles, than leading the unsatisfying lives of so many spinsters, though not having tried either experiment, it is not easy for me to decide on general grounds whether half a man is more desirable than a whole Cause. I certainly think that almost any whole man, possessed of ordinary health and intelligence, is able to make the average woman happier than most Causes. The life of the transitional spinster, if we may so call that large number of unmarried women varying in age, say, from twenty-five to thirty-five is not wholly satisfactory, though the added independence women have gained during the last few years makes marriage, from a practical point of view, a far less desirable escape than it used to be.

There comes a turning-point in most women's lives now-a-days—the moment when the fiend restlessness first enters into the soul, and when the consciousness that the moment has come to choose between transitional and permanent spinsterhood. At this juncture a woman is ripe for the altar: and in the recognition of this fact may be salvation; for the alternative course is in so many cases beset by such far more serious discomforts and difficulties. The different moments when the young girl becomes the transitional spinster, or passes from transitional into permanent spinsterhood, cannot be accurately defined. Some, of course, never reach the latter stage, even though they live unmarried till eighty years old, and some never pass through the intervening stage of transitional spinsterhood.

A real old maid is born, not made the type of spinster to whom I alluded in the beginning, and who is rapidly becoming extinct, the type of which an individual specimen was once aptly described as looking as if she were an old maid and descended from a long line of old maids. And for their preservation I would suggest founding a society, to be called the Society for the Protection of Old Maids. Old buildings are protected; why not old maids? Such as these are really indispensable to the green company of the unwedded; they form an unconscious link with the vanishing past. We all know individuals who are qualified to join the society; but I am afraid they belong to a generation that is passing away. One never sees among one's own contemporaries a potential Maiden aunt, any one who could conceivably become a cat-loving, God-fearing, gossiping, kindly, idle old maid of the familiar type we have all known and loved. It is a real pleasure to come across such old ladies; one still meets them in remote country places, and most of all in health resorts and watering places. They flock singly or in couples to parlour-floors in such places, to gratify their simple, human, gregarious tastes by exercising their powers of observation, aided by a small amount of sociability and companionship. Such old maids usually have some sentimental episode belonging to a remote past, which adds an extra touch of human sympathy and kindliness. In conclusion, I may add that there is another society, besides that for the Protection of Old Maids, which I should like to inaugurate. Nothing can be done by individual effort; so we may as well accept the inevitable, and belong to societies—until the happy day when the Society for the Total Abolition of All Other Societies shall reign supreme. The society I particularly wish to found is one for the Suppression of Women with Causes.

SUNSTROKE AND ITS PREVENTION.

IT may well be, says the *Lancet*, that, as contended by Surgeon-Major Alcock among others, the sun's light, by impinging on the numberless tactile nerve endings in the skin, has a certain obscure but collectively irritating property which should not be overlooked. On this hypothesis the protective influence of the dark negro skin is easily understood. On the whole, however, the effect of solar influence is probably most correctly attributed to the action of oppressive heat, whether in the shade or sunshine, on tissues which from various causes are ill prepared to resist it. Among such causes are to be numbered the presence of a stagnant atmosphere, excess in diet, as tending to retard tissue changes, pulmonary oppression by clothing with consequent mal-aeration, great physical exhaustion with cardiac fatigue, and the consumption, even in moderate amount, of alcoholic liquors during hot weather. The habitual wearing of somewhat loose porous clothing, by encouraging perspiration and assisting the removal of its products, will also contribute materially towards the reduction of the general temperature. It is needful to keep in view the extreme sensitiveness of the cerebro-spinal nerve centres, specially those of the medulla. The means by which protection can best be accomplished call for a brief notice. Among these may be mentioned the adoption of the familiar white veil behind and over the head, the interposition of a wet white linen cloth between head and hat, the effectual ventilation of the latter, and lastly, in the case of persons much exposed to solar heat, the application of such a spinal pad as was worn with marked advantage by our soldiers in the last Nile Expedition.

THE PRINCESS OF WALES AND THE CONCERTINA.

THE Princess of Wales and her two daughters have paid a visit to Count Deym, the Austrian Ambassador, who is at present staying at Shanklin, and the little town being full of summer visitors, the Royal party were subjected to a good deal of annoyance. Driving to the station, they found that they had half an hour to wait for the train, and during that time they were "the observed of all observers," several hundreds of people having gathered round to look at them. When the train arrived at the next station a similar ordeal had to be gone through. A lad who plays a concertina in the streets for a livelihood pushed his way in front of the Royal carriage and played a couple of tunes, for which her Royal Highness gave him (a London correspondent is the authority) a sovereign. A day or so previously the Duke and Duchess of Connaught and Prince and Princess Henry of Battenberg visited the Count and Countess Deym, and took tea with them, but they left the town without being recognized by any great number of people.

FRENCH SEA-SIDE RESORTS.

MRS. CRAWFORD in her "Notes from Paris" gives *Truth* the following observations on French sea-side resorts:—

A miserably wet summer has been followed up by a worse autumn. Not that we have been without hot weather. But it has been as the heat of Jamaica, without land breezes in the morning or sea breezes in the evening, and utterly prostrating. Cyclones have been bursting upon us every other day. So far from clearing the air, they leave it worse than they found it. Savants tell us that the Eiffel Tower is to blame, it drawing clouds charged with positive and negative electricity from all parts. When they meet in Paris, or on the way thither, they rush off in wild, waltzing whirlwinds, with pyrotechnics that have all the horror which Michael Angelo tried to crowd into his "Last Judgment." The storm over, the air is hotter than before, even though when it raged floods of rain came down.

It's an evil wind, however, that blows nobody good. When the weather is black and dismal we can stay in Paris, and when it is hot and thundery run of at small expense to the coast. Railway Companies, trying to make up for the lost summer, vie with each other in reducing tariffs for seaside and other excursions to lower figures than I ever knew them at. "To Trouville and back for 10 f." is placarded over the town. Dieppe Havre, St. Malo, Treport, Boulogne are brought within the reach of nearly every one who can afford to take a little outing. But there is a wrong side to the advantage of the cheap excursions—the hotels. Hotel-keepers want to make the tourists pay for the usual visitors who had not the courage to face bad weather at the sea-side in June and July. Woe to the p

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NOTICE.—Abbey's Effervescent Potash can be obtained at all Chemists and Bazaars throughout India, or from the Wholesale Agents, CHARLES COX & Co., and PHILLIPS & Co., at Rs. 2 per large bottle, including V.-P. Post. Shopkeepers can obtain wholesale rates upon application. (235c—c.)

May also be had retail from the following Chemists in Bombay:—Messrs. KEMP & Co., TREACHER & Co., PHILLIPS & Co., THOMSON AND TAYLOR, FERNANDES & Co., WRIGHT & Co., ESPLANADE PHARMACY and others, and from Native Druggists in the Bazaar, and also from D. MACKORLOD & Co., Cigar Merchants, Meadow street.

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Head Offices: 1, HILL STREET, BELFAST.

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Diploma of Honour, Paris, 1886.
Gold Medal, Liverpool, 1886.
Highest Award, Adelaide, 1887.
ONLY GOLD MEDAL for Whiskey, PARIS, 1889.

BUSHMILLS WHISKEY is absolutely pure, nothing but the best Malted Barley being used in the manufacture.

Trade Mark. Take a little trouble to try Old Bushmills. It will be a more serious trouble afterwards to be noted for keeping the finest Whiskey round. To ensure purity it is advisable to get that bottled by the Company, the labels, capsules, and corks bearing their name. A dozen case contains two gallons.

OLD POT STILLS ONLY.

Edmund Yates, *"His Recollections & Experiences,"* Vol. I., page 251, says:—

I COULD not afford good wine, and would not give bad; but there was some Irish Whiskey which I procured through Mayne Reid ("BUSHMILLS" was its name), which was highly esteemed.

Writing in the *World* of Dec. 22, 1886, he says:—

MENTION made, in certain *Reminiscences* of mine, of a pleasant and wholesome alcoholic stimulant, called "Bushmills Whiskey," has led the proprietors of the famous Distillery to assure me that their alcohol is still extant in its pristine excellence, and, to confirm the assurance, send me a specimen of their produce. "All taps," we are assured by Mr. Stiggins, "is wanity;" but I am glad to find that a favourite "wanity" of my youth is as mellow and as innocuous as when first introduced to my notice by my old friend, Captain Mayne Reid.

600 Opinions. 600

W. Sinclair Thompson, M.D., F.R.C.S., writes from London—"I have appreciated your old Whiskey very much, and recommend it to my patients."

"Land and Water" says—"Of all spirits, Whiskey is the most wholesome, and one of the finest 'brands' of that spirit I have ever tasted is Old Bushmills."

"The County Gentleman" says—"Connoisseurs giving Old Bushmills a trial cannot fail to appreciate its mellowness and flavour."

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"The Court Circular" says—"Old Bushmills can be specially recommended for its exceptionally pleasant flavour."

PARIS EXHIBITION. OLD BUSHMILLS BEAT ALL. JUDGES AWARDED IT THE ONLY GOLD MEDAL FOR WHISKEY.

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"THREE STAR" BRAND Best Old Whiskey.
"TWO STAR" and "ONE STAR" BRANDS According to Age.

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A Pure Essence of the Finest Ginger, perfectly free from Capsicum. Highly adapted for the manufacture of Transparent Aerated Waters, and for all Dietetic, Medicinal and Pharmaceutical purposes. Trade Price, 5s. per lb.; 12 lbs. and upwards, 4s. 6d. per lb.

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Specially prepared for the manufacture of the very Finest Ginger Ale made, is an addition of Vanilla, Lemon, and other flavours to the above. It imparts, with the exquisite Ginger Aroma of the above-mentioned Essence, a peculiarly fine fruity flavour, combined with the fullest amount of fragrance and pungency. Trade Price, 5s. 6d. per lb.; 12 lbs. and upwards, 5s. Quantity required, 5 fluid ozs. to each gallon of Syrup, making 106 10-oz. Bottles.

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This Extract is strongly recommended for the manufacture of Ginger Ale, to which it imparts Pungency, Colouring, great Brilliancy, and an unusually Fine Ginger Flavour and Aroma, and makes a thoroughly good article. Trade Price, 4s. 6d. per lb.; 12 lbs. and upwards, 4s. Quantity, 3 fluid ozs. to each gallon of Syrup, making 106 10-oz. Bottles.

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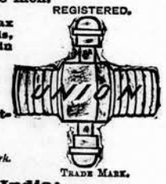

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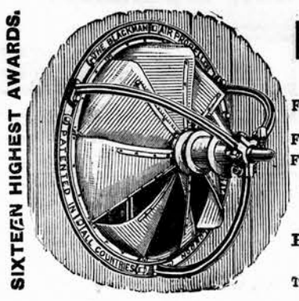

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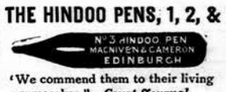

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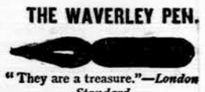

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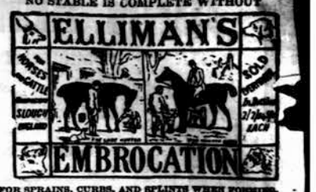

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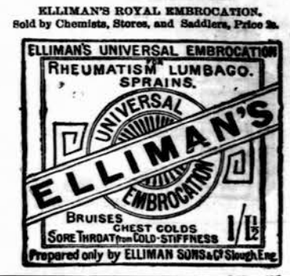

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